

Education Stream

SPDP Workshop 3 Part 1 Workbased learning and assessment



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Supervisor Professional Development Program

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I would like to acknowledge the Custodians of the Land on which we meet today here in Adelaide - the Kaurna people and also acknowledge the Custodians of the lands on which our (other) State offices are situated.

I would like to pay respect to the Elders, both past and present, and extend that respect to other Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people who are present.



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SPDP 3: Work-based Learning and Assessment Workshop



Tell us about you.....



- Your work...
- Your teaching...
- What has been your experience with work-based assessment and does it help trainees learn?





- Discuss the purpose and importance of work-based learning and assessment
- Analyse the cycle of planning for learning and assessment
- Identify the challenges and solutions associated with work-based assessment in a complex environment
- Draw on evidence of learning and achievement to determine overall performance and progression.



The Purpose and Importance of Work-based Learning and Assessment



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Optimising learning at work



EXPERIENCE	EXPOSURE	EDUCATION
Work-based/ Experiential	Learning from Others	Formal Learning
70%	20%	10%
 Action learning and problem solving Placement, secondments and job rotations Shadowing, self-directed and incidental learning Projects and special assignments Supervised practice Work-based Assessment 	 Communities of practice Subject matter networks User generated content Collaboration platforms Coaching Mentoring Supervisor feedback 	 Workshops Webinars Online learning eLearning mLearning Lectures Tutorials Grand Rounds

Why is work-based assessment effective?

- Sets expectations: Clarifies and shares learning intentions and criteria for success
- Assess authentic performance: Assessment occurs in the work environment and should focus on actual practice and routine functioning
- **Provides evidence of learning:** Elicits evidence of trainee understanding and progression
- Encourages skill development: Work-based assessment encourages further skill development, particularly self-directed learning.

Challenges of Work-based Assessment

- Feedback from members has included:
 - Perceived low educational impact
 - 'Tick-box' activity for the College
 - Opportunistic there is a focus on choosing easier cases
 - 'Failure to fail'
 - Lack of time
- How can we change the culture to make work-based assessment meaningful?

Work-based Assessment – the evidence



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Learning and Assessment Cycle







Set Goals



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Question 1: Why is it important to plan learning?

Question 2: How do you plan learning with a trainee?



Planning for learning assists the trainee and supervisors to ensure:

- **Realistic expectations** are set
- A benchmark is agreed for monitoring and directing efforts
- Motivation is increased to learn and improve
- Activities are planned to reach the identified goal/s
- **Further development** is identified to ensure continuous improvement, progression and growth

How do we plan?



- Negotiate a learning plan through conversation
 - Assess learning needs and identify goals
 - Specify what constitutes evidence of learning
 - Identify learning resources, supports and strategies
 - Specify target dates
- Document the plan using the Learning Needs Analysis (or Learning Contract for Public Health Medicine)

Activity 1



- Watch videos
 - Video 1: Clair the Supervisor
 - Video 2: Nadia the trainee
- Learning goals
 - Identify goals for Nadia on the learning plan
 - Consider how you might confirm these goals are being me



The RACP wishes to advise that the physicians and trainees in this production are depicting characters for the purpose of filming this video.



Clair – the supervisor





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Nadia – the trainee









Thoughts on learning goals...



Example learning goals

- The Royal Australasian College of Physicians
- Identify key priorities in management of diabetes for each patient.
- Demonstrate knowledge of the variety of diabetic medications and appropriateness of each for a given patient.
- Develop clinical skills needed for the diagnosis and management of a wide spectrum of endocrine disorders in an out-patient setting.
- Develop a therapeutic relationship with patients and families demonstrating effective listening techniques and non-verbal communication skills.
- Develop and show collaboration and team work skills with the multidisciplinary team.

Example learning activities



	70% Exposure	20% Experience		10% Education
(i.e • wr • sh	ork-based assessments e. mini-CEX, CbD) iting a reflection (i.e. PQR) adowing a colleague or	 role playing with a colleague or supervisor mentoring someone, or being mentored 	•	watching a webinar reading a journal article attending a conference or workshop
• as	er serving a senior colleague sessing patients with pervisor or colleague	 360 multi-source feedback teaching junior colleagues 	•	completing an online course practice simulation reviewing case studies
• pa	king part in a clinical audit articipation in erdisciplinary meetings			



Learn and Gather Evidence



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Learn and Gather Evidence





Learners preferred learning style in the workflow



In the workflow	As a part of their daily workplace activities	
Continuously	Through the constant flow of workplace information	
Immediately	Through solving problems to get the job done.	
Socially	Through learning from others and working collaboratively	
Autonomously	As self-directed learners	

Gathering evidence



Assessment method	RACP tool	
Planning	Learning Needs Analysis (LNA)Learning Contract	
Observation	 Mini-Clinical Evaluation Exercise (mini-CEX) Direct Observation of procedural Skills (DOPS) Direct Observation of Practical Professional Skills (DOPPS) Oral Presentation 	
Writing	Professional Qualities Reflection (PQR)	
Discussion	 Case-based Discussion (CbD) In Training Long Case Assessment 	
Reporting	Mid-Year Progress ReportSupervisor's Report	
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WBA – helping complete the picture

Written Exam



Clinical Exam



Work-based assessment

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- Multiple occasions
- Multiple domains
- Multiple modalities
- Multiple observers



Tips on using Work-based Assessments





Activity 2



- Video 1: Clair sets up a mini-CEX encounter with Nadia
- Video 2: A mini-CEX encounter between Clair, Nadia and Mrs and Mr Li
- Fill out the RACP mini-CEX rating form with your appraisal of Nadia. Think about:
 - The case selection
 - The evidence gathered
 - Integration into the workflow
 - Relevancy to learning needs
- Video 3: Clair's feedback to Nadia

Mini-CEX Encounter (part 1) – Setting up a mini-CEX





Mini-CEX Encounter (part 2) – Mr and Mrs Li









Mini-CEX Encounter (part 3) – Clair's Feedback to Nadia





Learning and Assessment Cycle





Case selection



- Focuses on learner goals
- Relevant to stage of training
- Work tasks of high importance

Gather evidence



- Focus only on what was observed
- Be specific about strengths and areas for improvement
- Document in writing and verbally explain
Feasibility and acceptability

• Doing things on the fly, integrating them into the workflow

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- Sample and observe through specific interactions
- Immediate feedback after consultation
- Integrate into own work schedule

Activity 3



- Watch: video 'Nadia and the pathology unit'
- **Pairs:** Person 1: Nadia the trainee and Person 2: Clair the supervisor
- **Read**: Nadia's PQR
- **Role play:** discussion between Nadia and Clair. The discussion should focus on the PQR that Nadia has written, prompting the trainee to reflect on the situation.

Nadia and pathology









Thoughts on the role play?



Verbal feedback - Clarifying questions



Sets context	Why was incident important to you?
Identifies problem	What was the incident?
Analyses problem	What was the main issue?
Poses solutions	How did you propose that this issue could possibly be resolved?
Moves beyond blame	Why do you think that happened?
Incorporates evidence from the literature	Did you find any evidence to support your theory?



Make Evidence-Based Judgement



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Make Evidence Based Judgement





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Compiling supervisor reports

- Informed decisions: across a range of domains to inform progression through training
- **Reflect on performance:** what the trainee has achieved during their time at the setting.
- Evidence from multiple sources: assessment at multiple points, work-based assessments and feedback from others
- Feedback on progression: assessments should generate feedback for trainees on their progress

Activity 4 – Nadia's Mid-Year Report

 Note down some comments to feedback to Nadia in a meeting on the Mid-Year Progress Report.

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- What do we know about Nadia and how do we know this?
- What would be the summary statement half way through the rotation?
- Looking back at Nadia's learning goals what has been achieved, what needs to be amended or added?



Reflect and Prepare



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Reflect and Prepare





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Why evaluate the learning and assessment cycle?

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- To improve the implementation and effectiveness of a training program
- To ensure the learning needs of trainees are being met
- To improve the quality of supervision for future training rotations
- To provide sound, useful, and reliable information

Most of the time, you get out of it what you put in....



Key messages

- Set negotiated learning goals
- Gather evidence about a trainee using the assessment tools, and use this to guide trainee development
- Use the resources available to conduct assessment and integrate into the workflow
- Use this evidence to make a judgement about a trainee's performance



How will you approach work-based assessment differently?







Please complete your evaluation form...

