



CENTRE FOR
BIG DATA RESEARCH
IN HEALTH



Big data transforming health care

Louisa Jorm 17 May 2016

Never Stand Still

Medicine

Centre for Big Data Research in Health















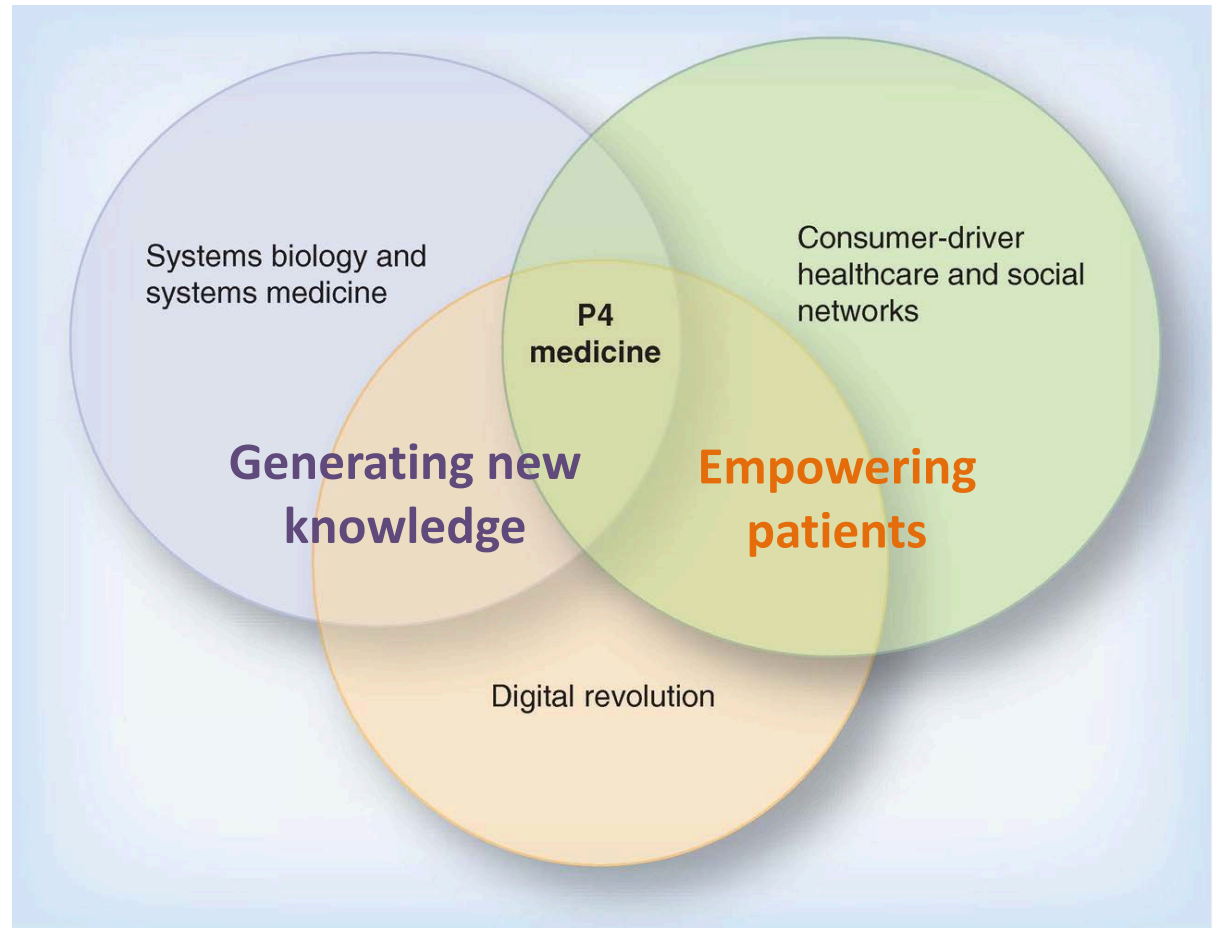
'Big data'

- Volume
 - Large scale of data (terabytes or petabytes)
- Variety
 - Variable format of data (structured, semi structured and unstructured)
- Velocity
 - Speed at which data are produced, processed, and analysed
- Veracity
 - Quality, relevance, predictive value and meaning of data
- Value
 - Worth of information to stakeholders and decision makers



Big data transforming health care: 'P4 Medicine'

- Predictive
- Preventive
- Personalized
- Participatory



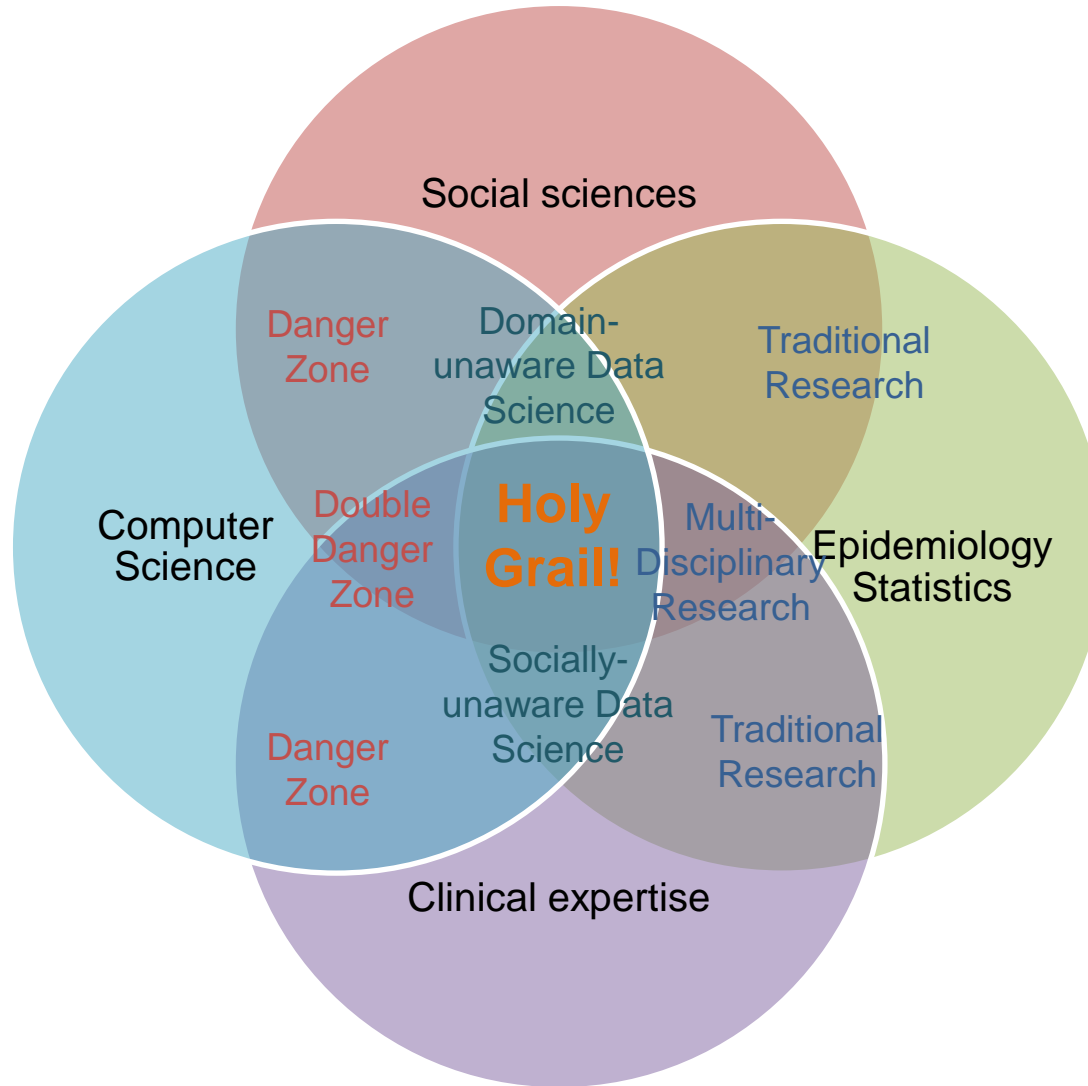
Flores M, Glusman G, Brogaard K, Price ND, Hood L. P4 medicine: how systems medicine will transform the healthcare sector and society. *Future Medicine* 2013;10(6):565-576.

Generating new knowledge

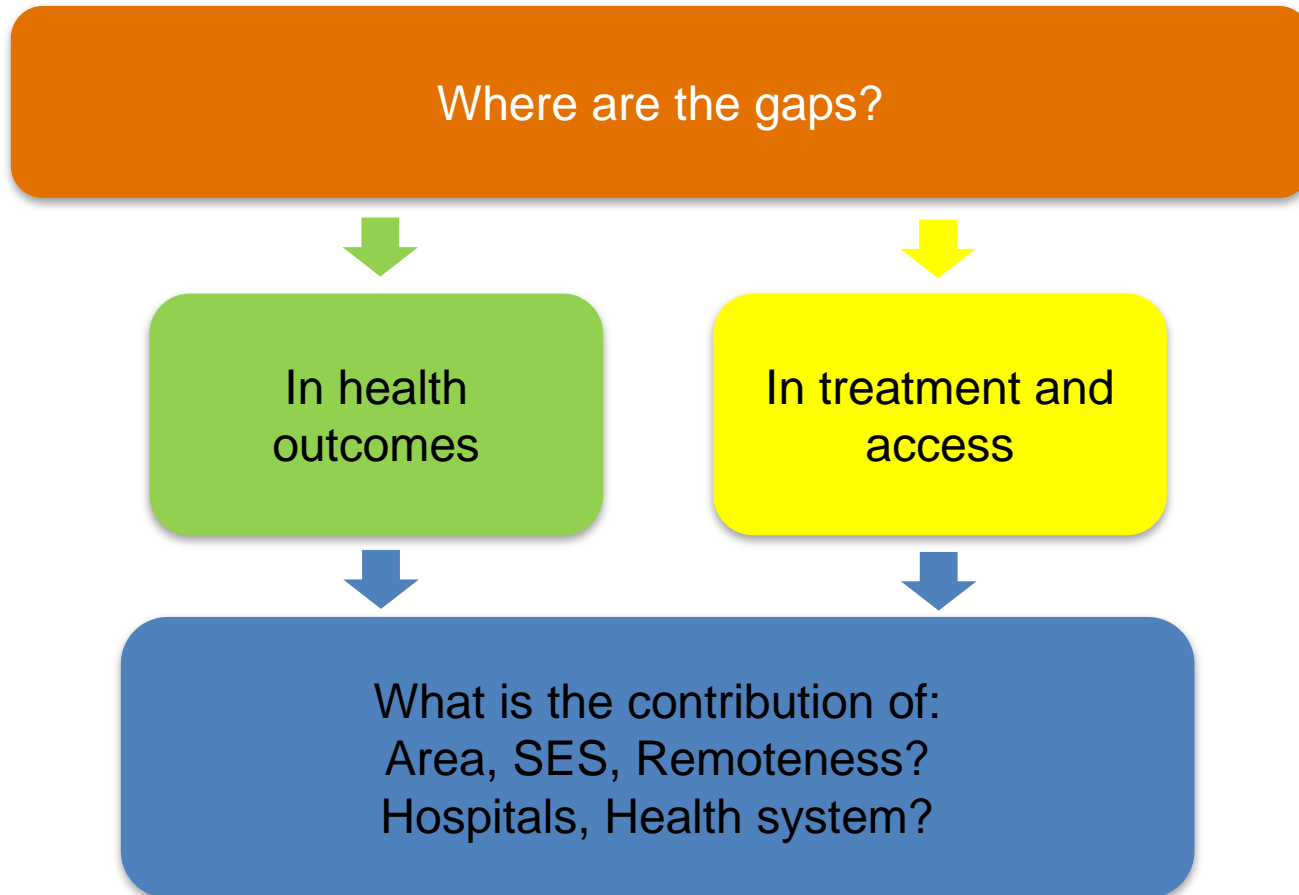
- RCTs and quasi-experimental studies have been the foundation of evidence-based medicine
 - Cost, logistics and ethics preclude using these methods to answer many (most?) clinical questions
- ‘Big data’ offer the potential to create a new observational evidence base
 - Administrative data
 - Electronic health records
 - ‘New’ data sources
- Traditional research methods will not suffice!



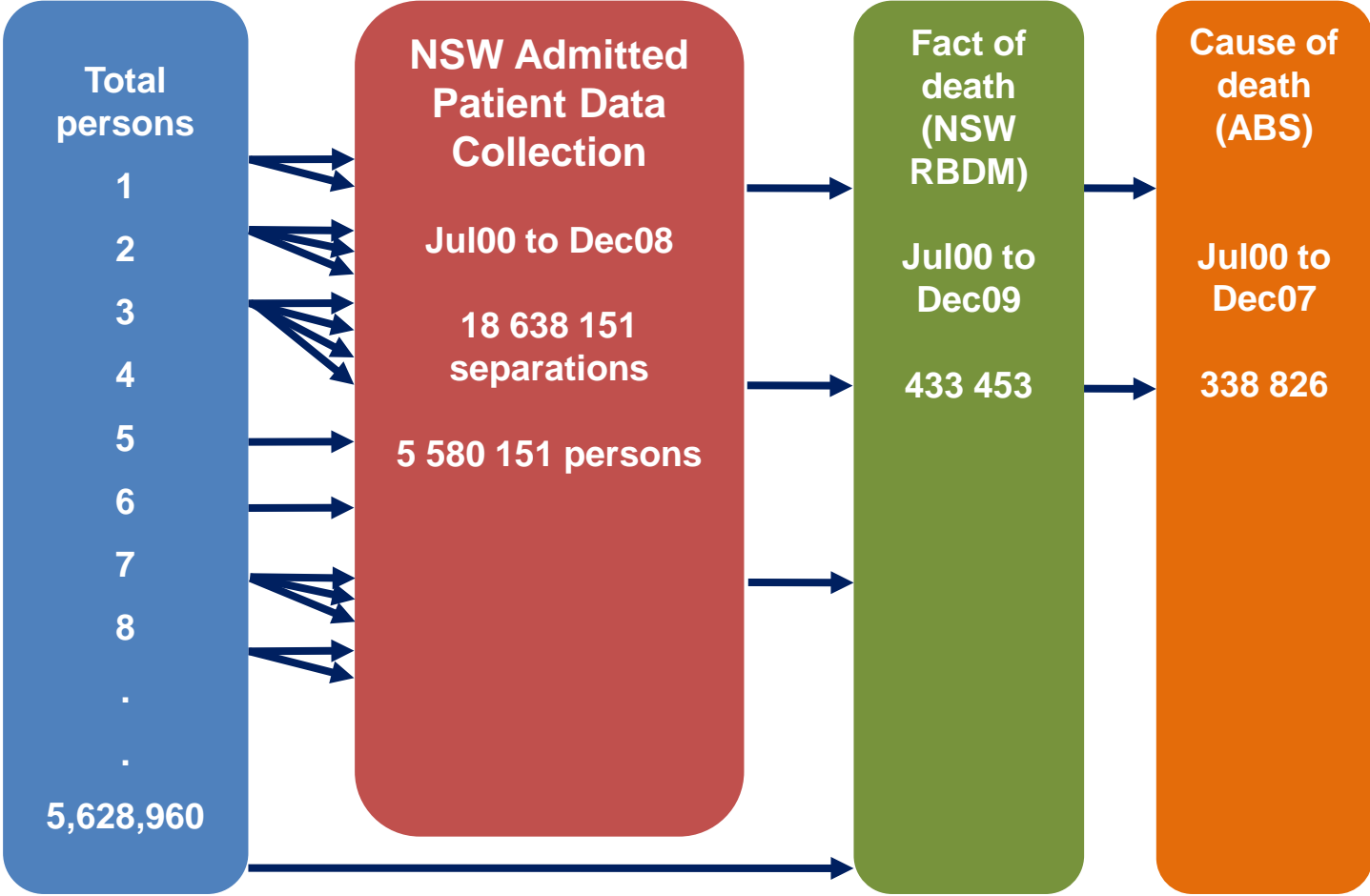
The rise of 'data science'



Using administrative data: Indigenous Health Outcomes Patient Evaluation (IHOPE)



IHOPE data



Research focus

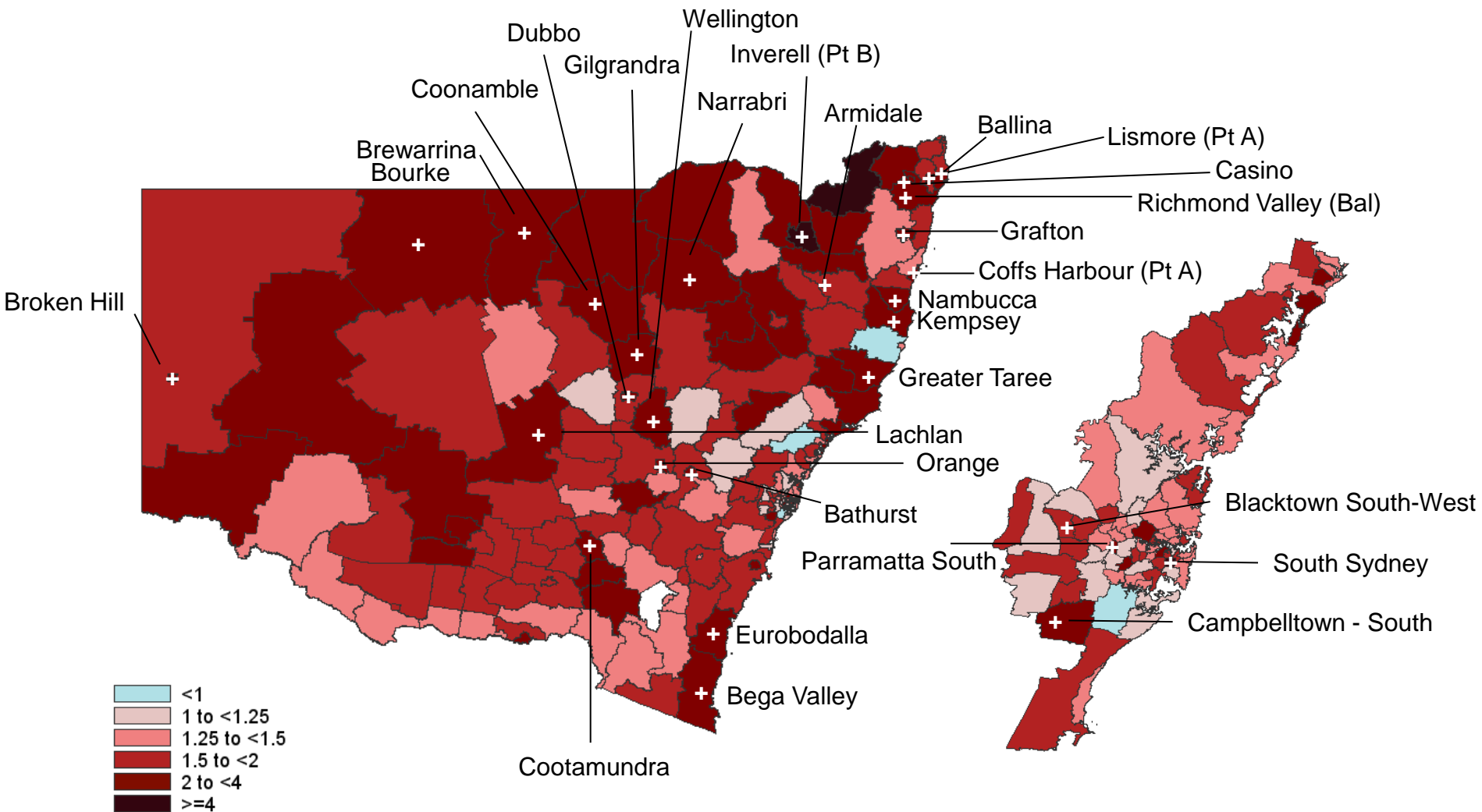
- Acute myocardial infarction
- Road traffic injuries
- Unintentional injuries in children
- Cataract procedures
- Otitis media procedures in children
- Potentially preventable hospitalisations
- Breast conserving surgery
-



Multilevel modelling

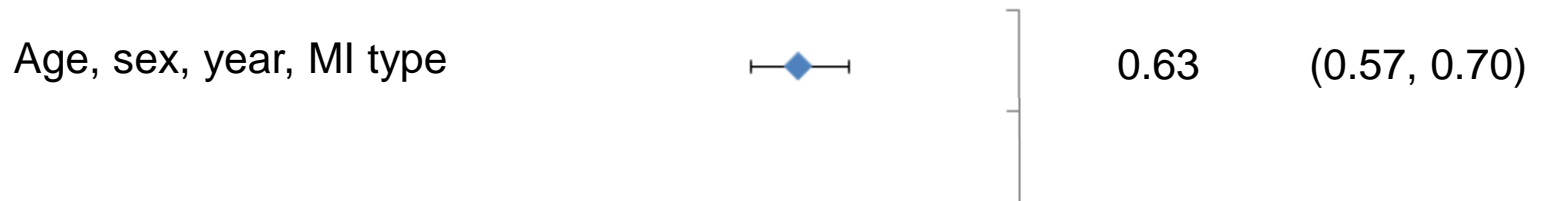
- Models data that are clustered
 - e.g. live in same neighbourhood, go to the same hospital
 - more similar than those in other areas or hospitals because of shared exposure (often unmeasured)
 - can impact on standard errors and parameter estimates if not taken into account
- Particular issue for Aboriginal health research
 - geographic distribution of Aboriginal people in NSW
 - ~40% of Aboriginal people live in major cities compared with ~70% of non-Aboriginal people

AMI: 'High incidence, high disparity' areas



Randall DA, Jorm LR, Lujic S, et al. Exploring disparities in acute myocardial infarction events between Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal Australians: roles of age, gender, geography and area-level disadvantage. *Health and Place* 2014; 28: 58-66.

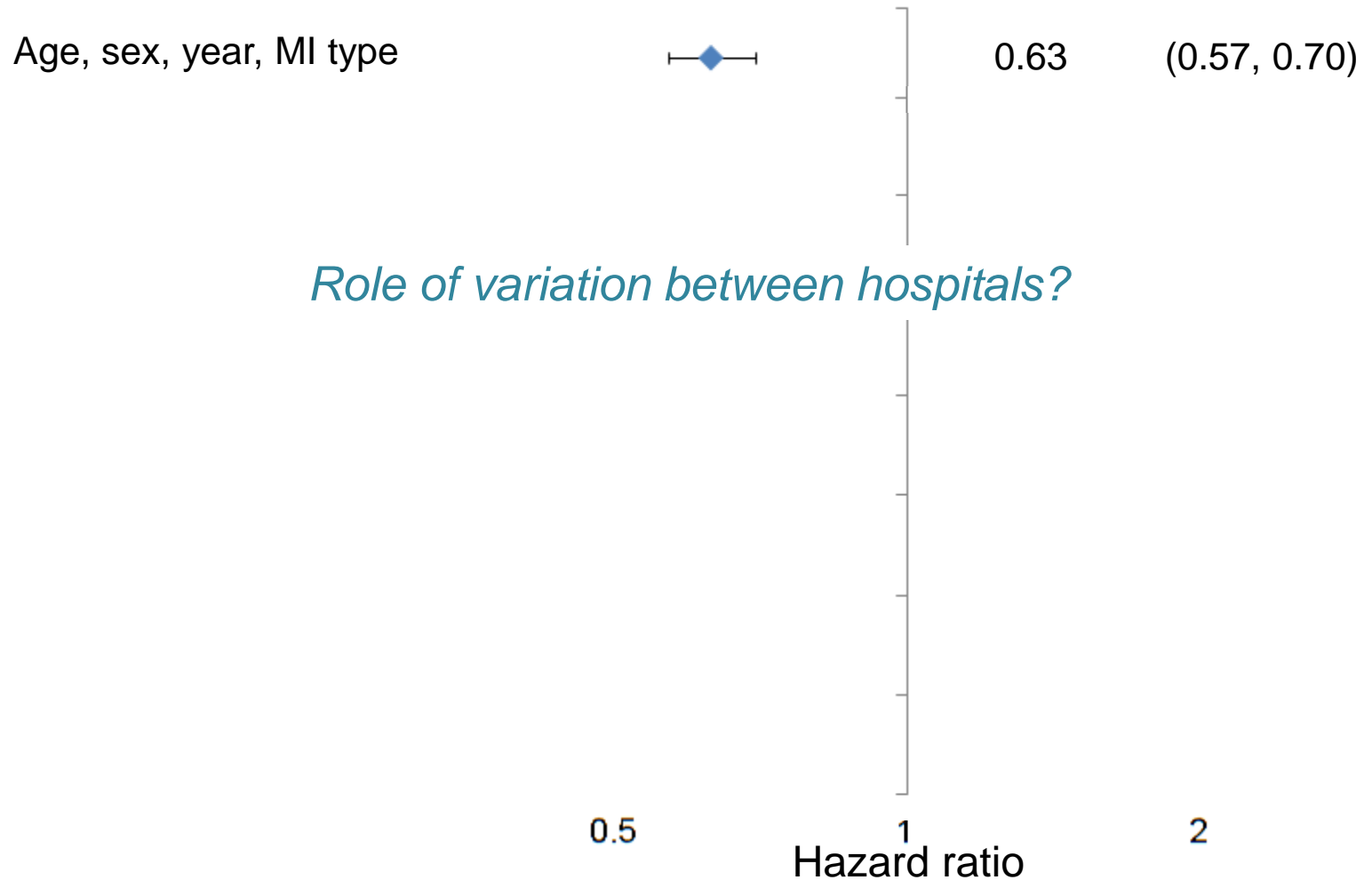
AMI: disparity in revascularisation rates



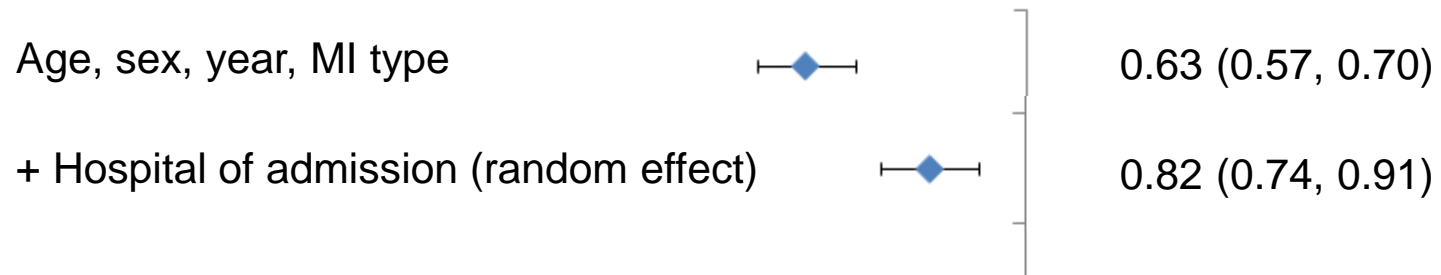
*An Aboriginal person in NSW has a **37%** lower hazard of revascularisation within 30 days of AMI than a non-Aboriginal person of the same age, sex, year of admission and AMI type*

0.5 1 2
Hazard ratio

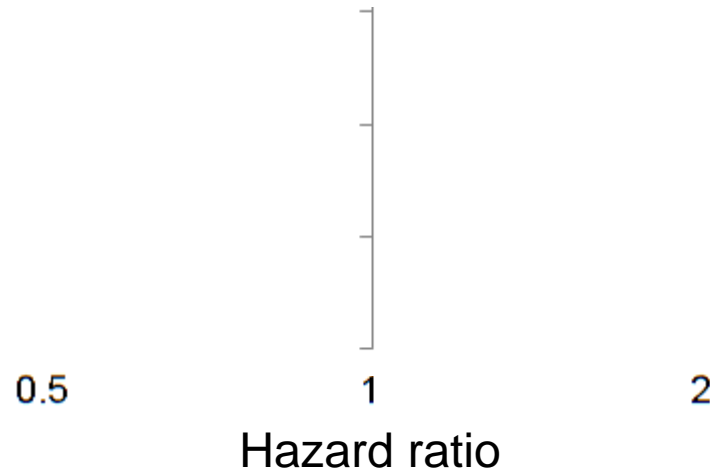
Revascularisation: 'unpacking' the gap



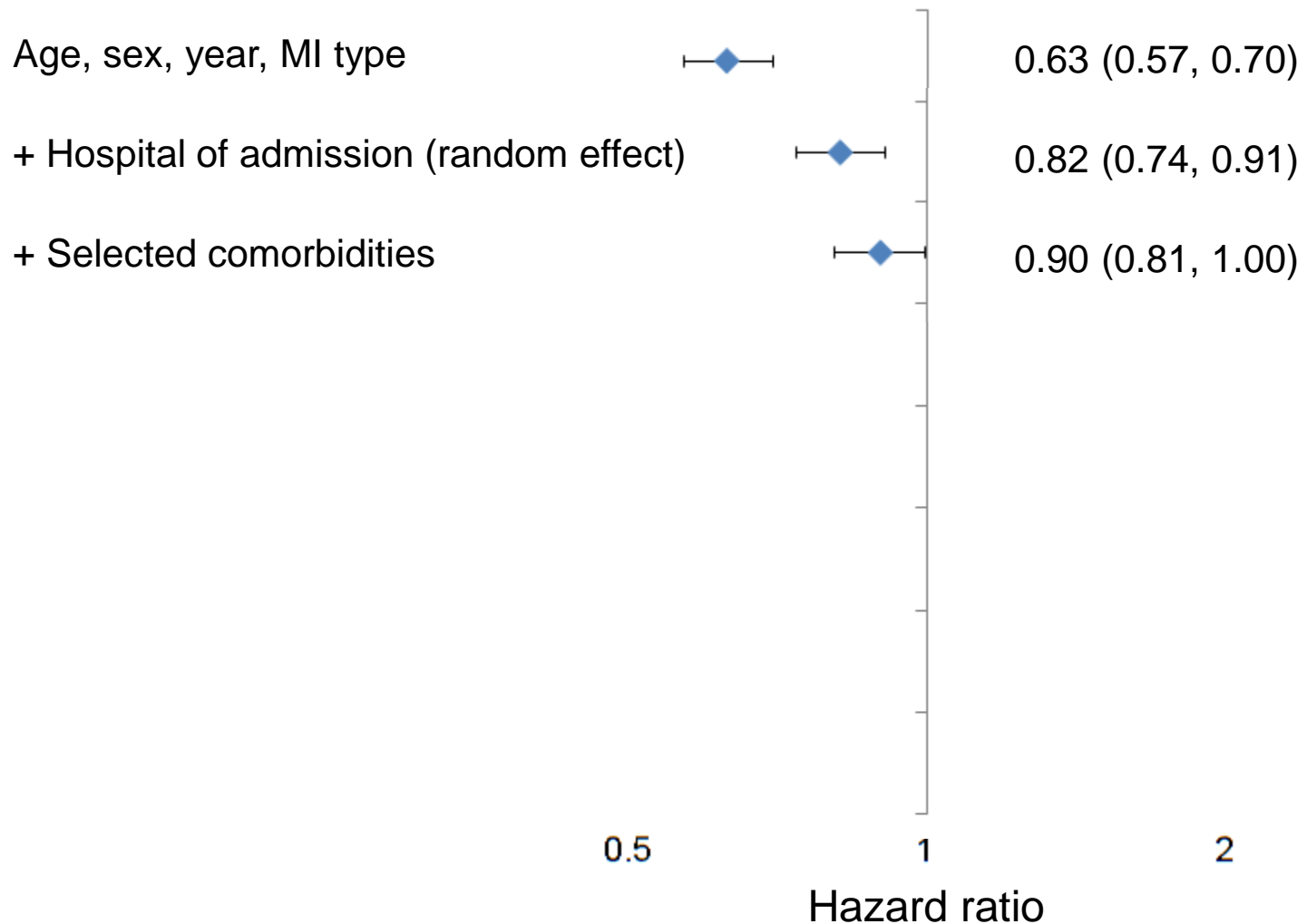
Revascularisation: 'unpacking' the gap



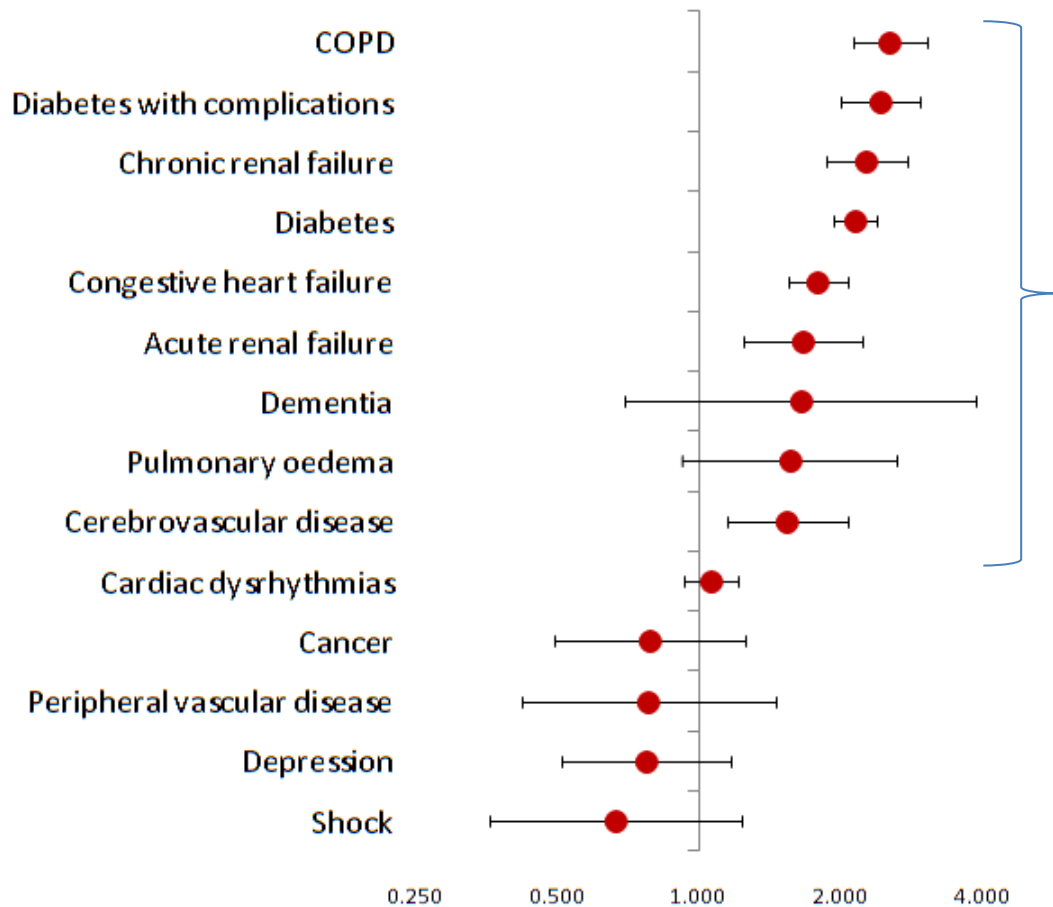
*Once we compare within hospitals, the disparity reduces - an Aboriginal person has a **18%** lower hazard of revascularisation than a non-Aboriginal person of the same age, sex, year of admission, AMI type, admitted to the same hospital*



Revascularisation: 'unpacking' the gap



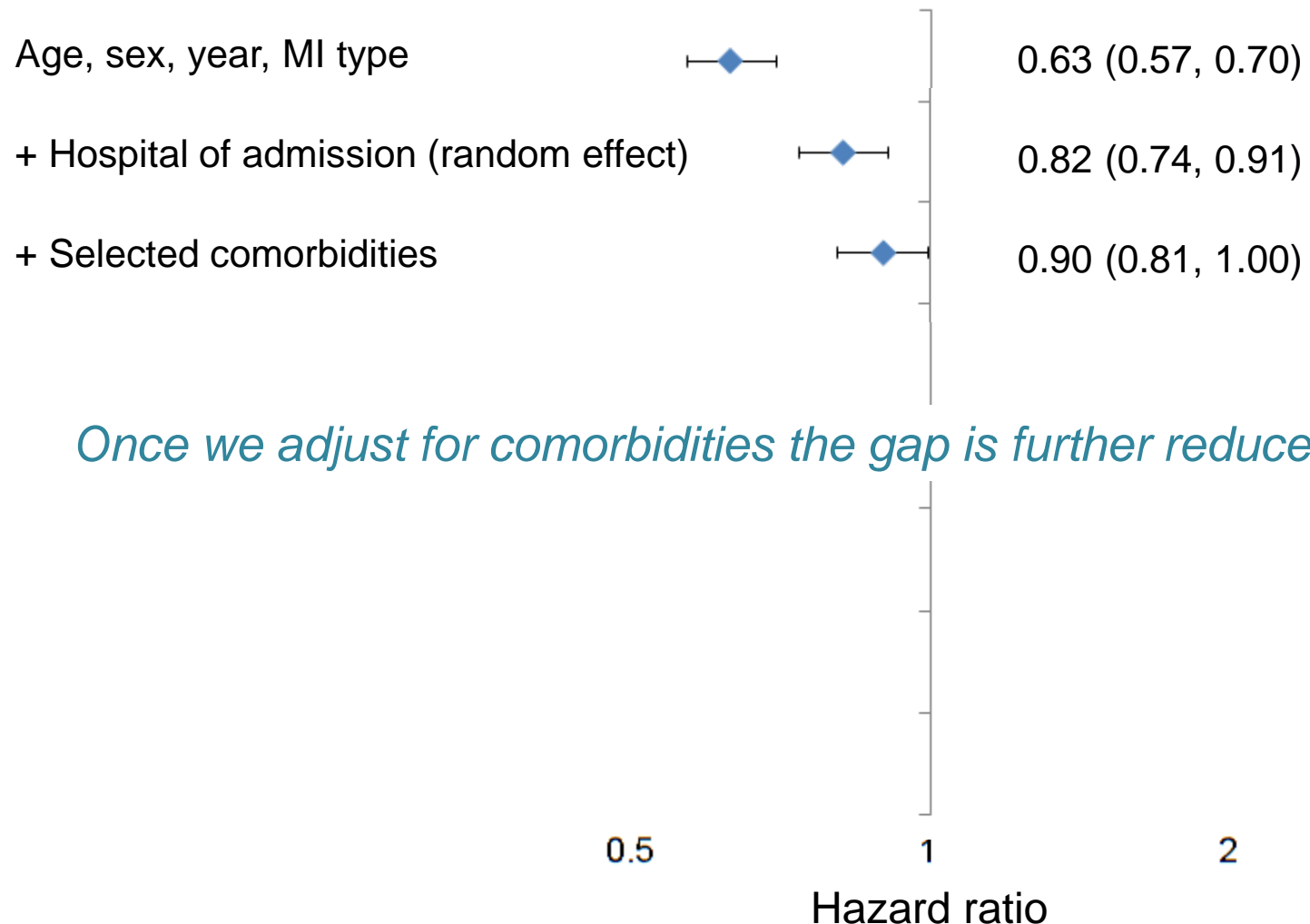
Comorbidity burden on admission



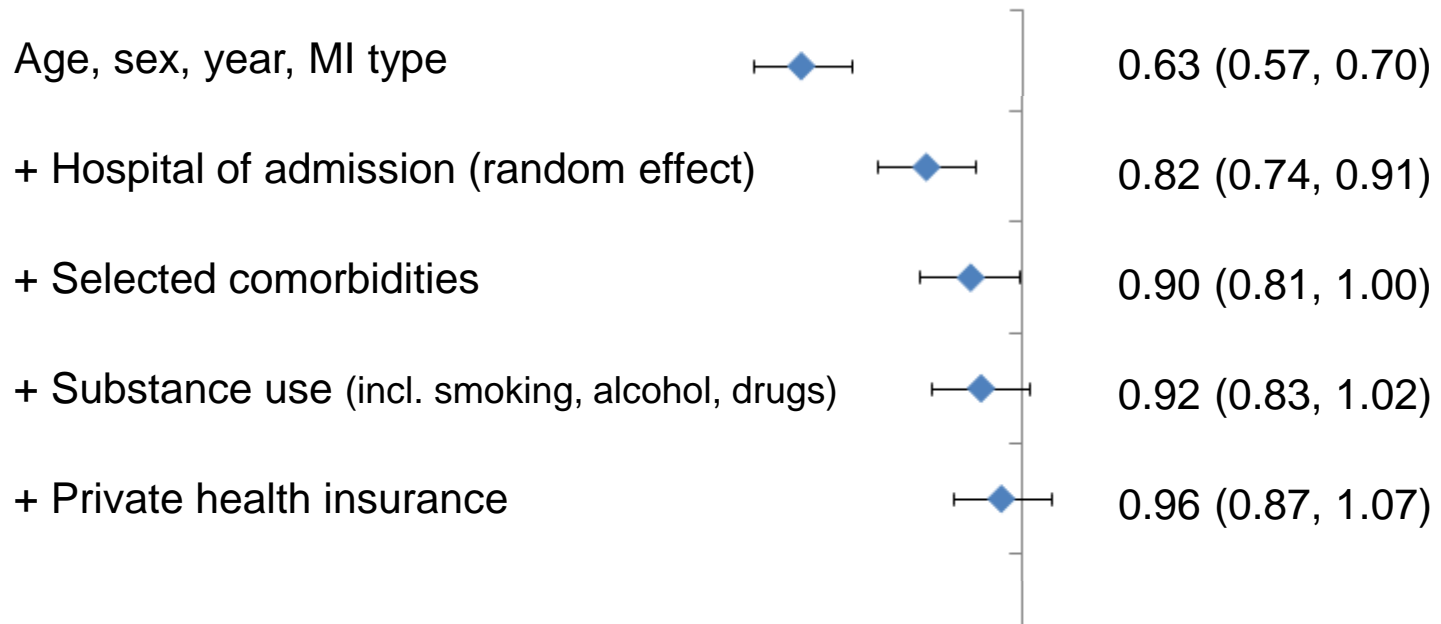
Aboriginal people have higher rates of these conditions recorded in hospital data than non-Aboriginal people

● Prevalence ratio - Aboriginal to non-Aboriginal prevalence

Revascularisation: 'unpacking' the gap



Revascularisation: 'unpacking' the gap



After adjusting for substance use and private health insurance, there is no longer a significant difference

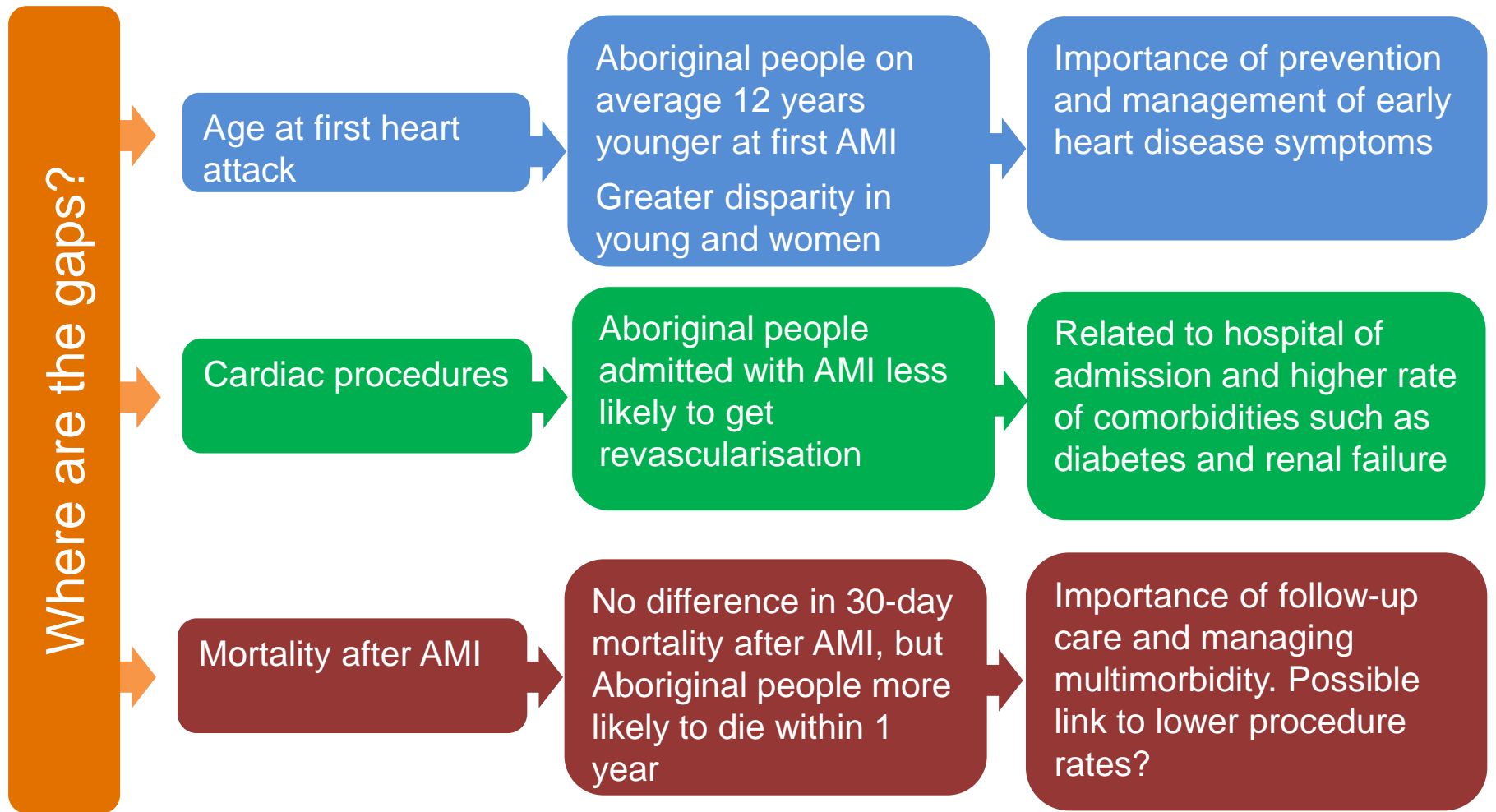
0.5

1

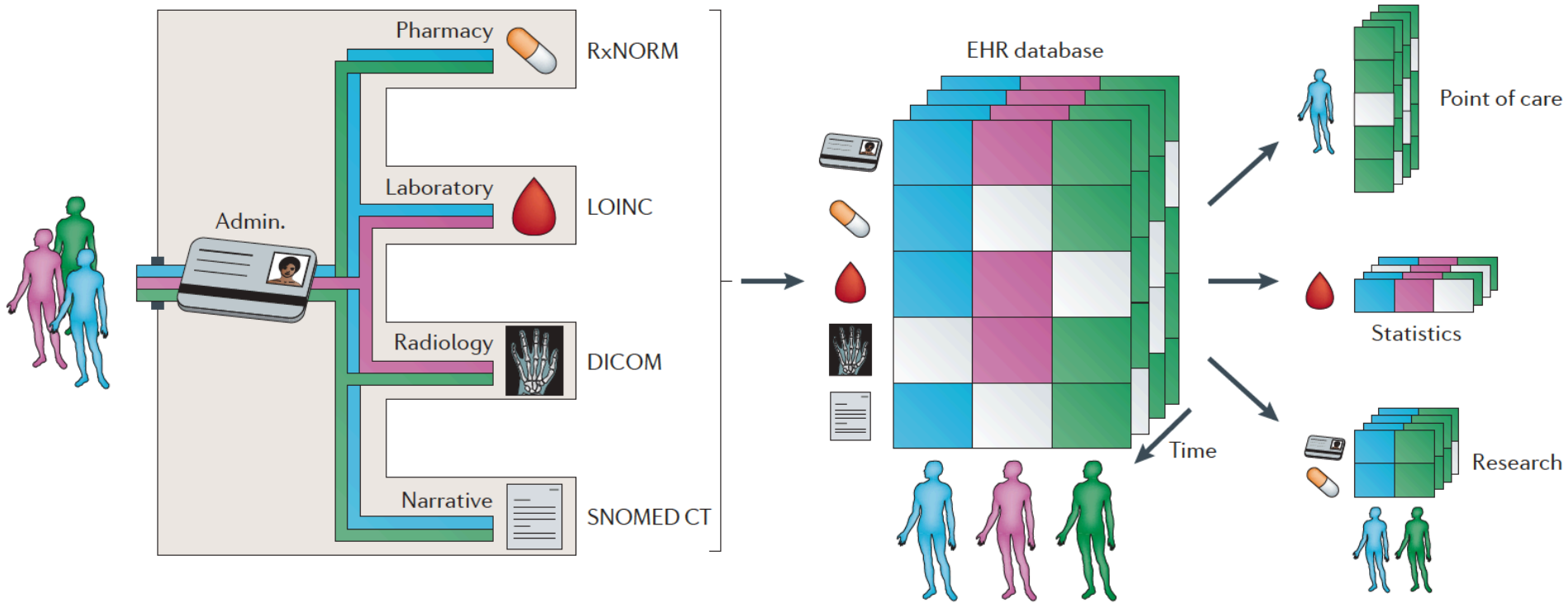
2

Hazard ratio

IHOPE AMI: Summary

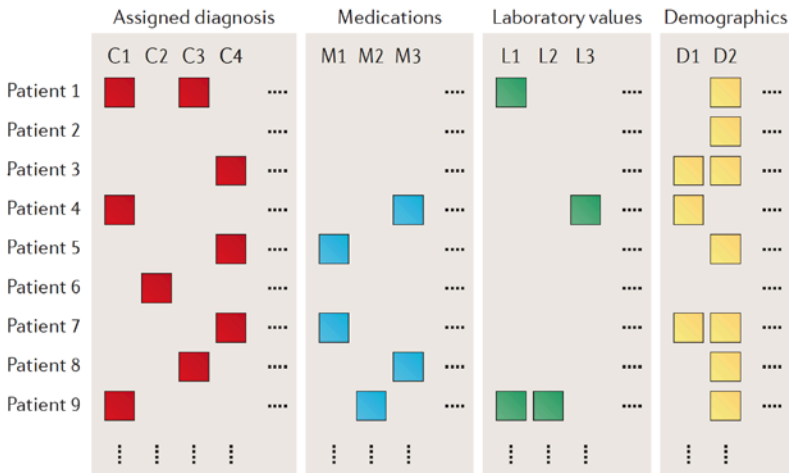


Using EHRs



Jensen PB1, Jensen LJ, Brunak S. Mining electronic health records: towards better research applications and clinical care. *Nat Rev Genet.* 2012 May 2;13(6):395-405.

Analysing EHR data

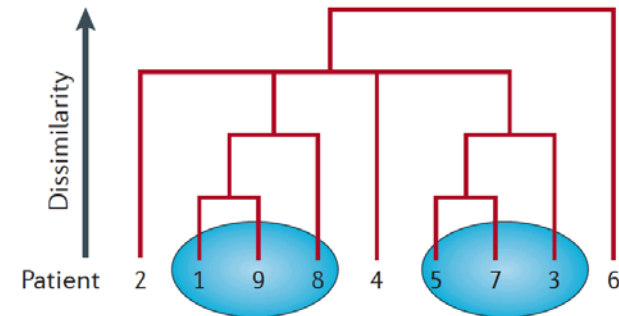


a Comorbidity

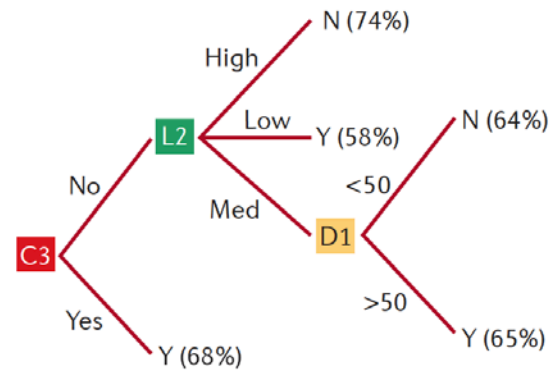
	C4	¬C4	
C2	10	40	50
¬C2	90	860	950
	100	900	1,000

Relative risk = 2

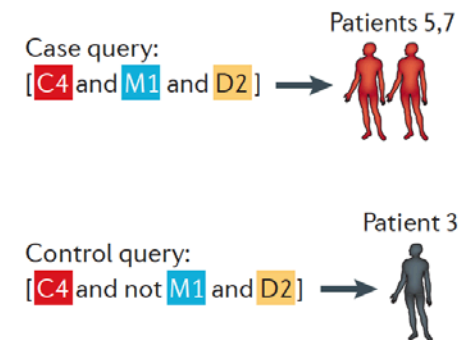
c Patient clustering



b Machine learning



d Cohort querying

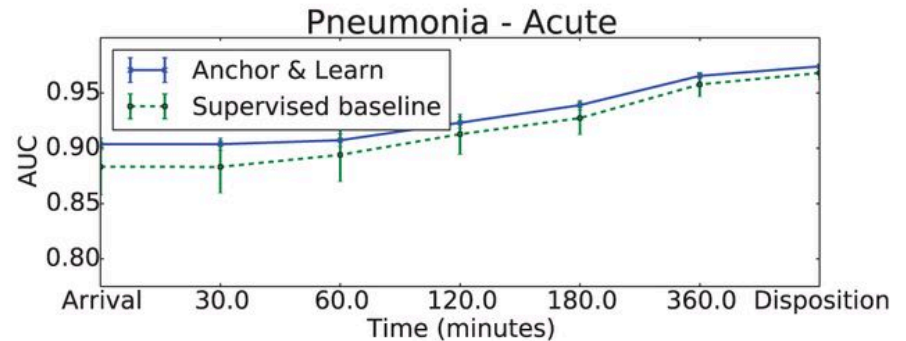
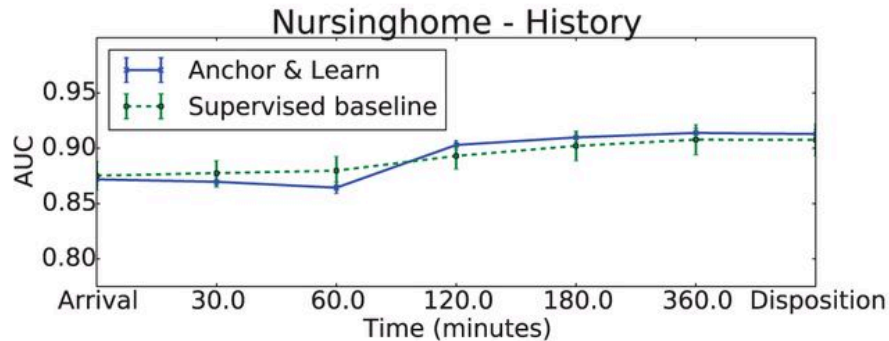
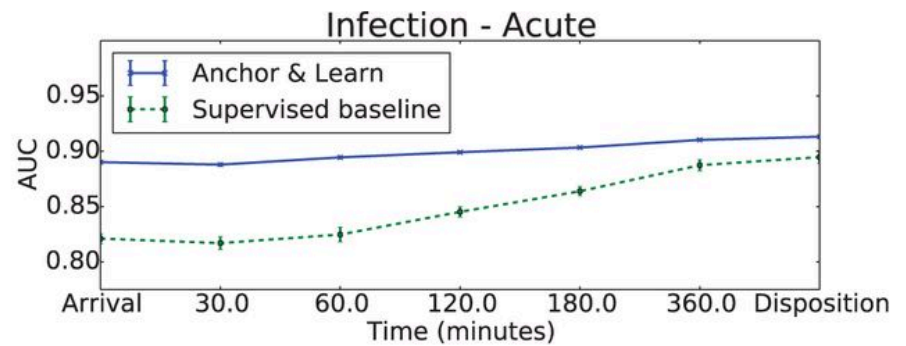
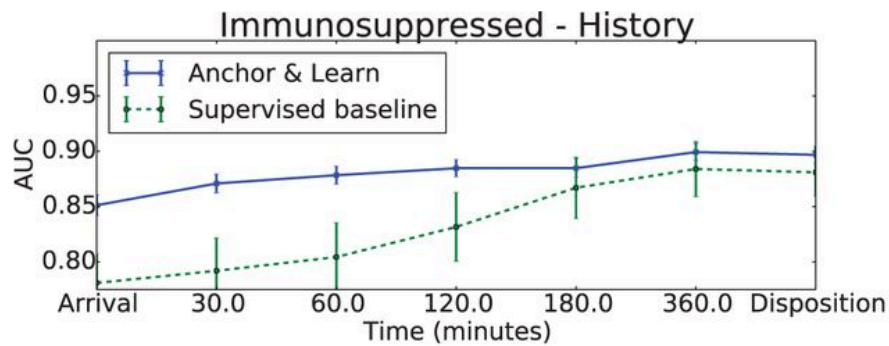


Jensen PB1, Jensen LJ, Brunak S. Mining electronic health records: towards better research applications and clinical care. *Nat Rev Genet.* 2012 May 2;13(6):395-405.

Machine learning

- Data-driven approaches that discover statistical patterns in multivariate data sets
- Starting point is a data set of training examples
- Supervised training methods derives a model from a set of 'labelled' examples
 - e.g. naive Bayes, artificial neural networks, support vector machines, random forests
- Unsupervised methods take an unlabelled data set and find groups sharing similar features
 - e.g. self-organizing maps and clustering algorithms
- Data from EHR systems are challenging
 - have many dimensions but are sparse
 - many features describe patients but most of them are typically absent for any given patient
 - heterogeneous, encompassing quantitative data, categorical data and text
 - subject to random errors and systematic biases











We developed a phenotype library that uses both structured and unstructured data from the EMR to represent patients for real-time clinical decision support.... Learning with anchors presents a method of efficiently learning statistically driven phenotypes with minimal manual intervention

Halpern Y, Horng S, Choi Y, Sontag D. Electronic medical record phenotyping using the anchor and learn framework. *JAMIA* 22 April 2016. DOI <http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/jamia/ocw011>

Natural language processing

	Boundary detection	Splits text into individual sentences		
	Tokenization	Splits text into individual words (with rules for handling e.g. dates)		
	Normalization	Normalizes e.g. case, inflection or spelling variants		
	Part-of-speech tagging	Assigns part-of-speech tags to each word (e.g. NN for noun)		
	Shallow parsing	Identifies syntactic units, most importantly noun phrases (NPs)		
	Entity recognition	Disease or disorder UMLS ID: C0028754 Status: family history Negated: no	Disease or disorder UMLS ID: C0010054 Status: family history Negated: yes	Anatomy UMLS ID:C0205042

Jensen PB1, Jensen LJ, Brunak S. Mining electronic health records: towards better research applications and clinical care. *Nat Rev Genet.* 2012 May 2;13(6):395-405.



UNSW
AUSTRALIA



CENTRE FOR
BIG DATA RESEARCH
IN HEALTH

From: **Automated Identification of Postoperative Complications Within an Electronic Medical Record Using Natural Language Processing**

JAMA. 2011;306(8):848-855. doi:10.1001/jama.2011.1204

Table 3. Comparison of a Natural Language Processing–Based Approach to the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality Patient Safety Indicators in Identifying Postoperative Complications

Occurrence	Event Rate	Test Characteristic	Natural Language Processing	Patient Safety Indicator	P Value
Acute renal failure	39/1924	Sensitivity	0.82 (0.67-0.91)	0.38 (0.25-0.54)	<.001
		Specificity	0.94 (0.93-0.95)	1.00 (1.00-1.00)	<.001
Pulmonary embolism/ deep vein thrombosis	46/2327	Sensitivity	0.59 (0.44-0.72)	0.46 (0.32-0.60)	.30
		Specificity	0.91 (0.90-0.92)	0.98 (0.98-0.99)	<.001
Sepsis	61/866	Sensitivity	0.89 (0.78-0.94)	0.34 (0.24-0.47)	<.001
		Specificity	0.94 (0.93-0.96)	0.99 (0.98-0.99)	<.001
Pneumonia	222/1405	Sensitivity	0.64 (0.58-0.70)	0.05 (0.03-0.09)	<.001
		Specificity	0.95 (0.94-0.96)	0.99 (0.99-1.00)	<.001
Myocardial infarction	35/1822	Sensitivity	0.91 (0.78-0.97)	0.89 (0.74-0.96)	.67
		Specificity	0.95 (0.94-0.96)	0.99 (0.98-0.99)	<.001

Among patients undergoing inpatient surgical procedures at VA medical centers, natural language processing analysis of EMRs to identify postoperative complications had higher sensitivity and lower specificity compared with patient safety indicators based on discharge coding

Revealed: Google AI has access to huge haul of NHS patient data

A data-sharing agreement obtained by **New Scientist** shows that Google DeepMind's collaboration with the NHS goes far beyond what it has publicly announced



“The agreement gives DeepMind access to a wide range of healthcare data on the 1.6 million patients who pass through three London hospitals run by the Royal Free NHS Trust – Barnet, Chase Farm and the Royal Free – each year. The agreement also includes access to patient data from the last five years.”

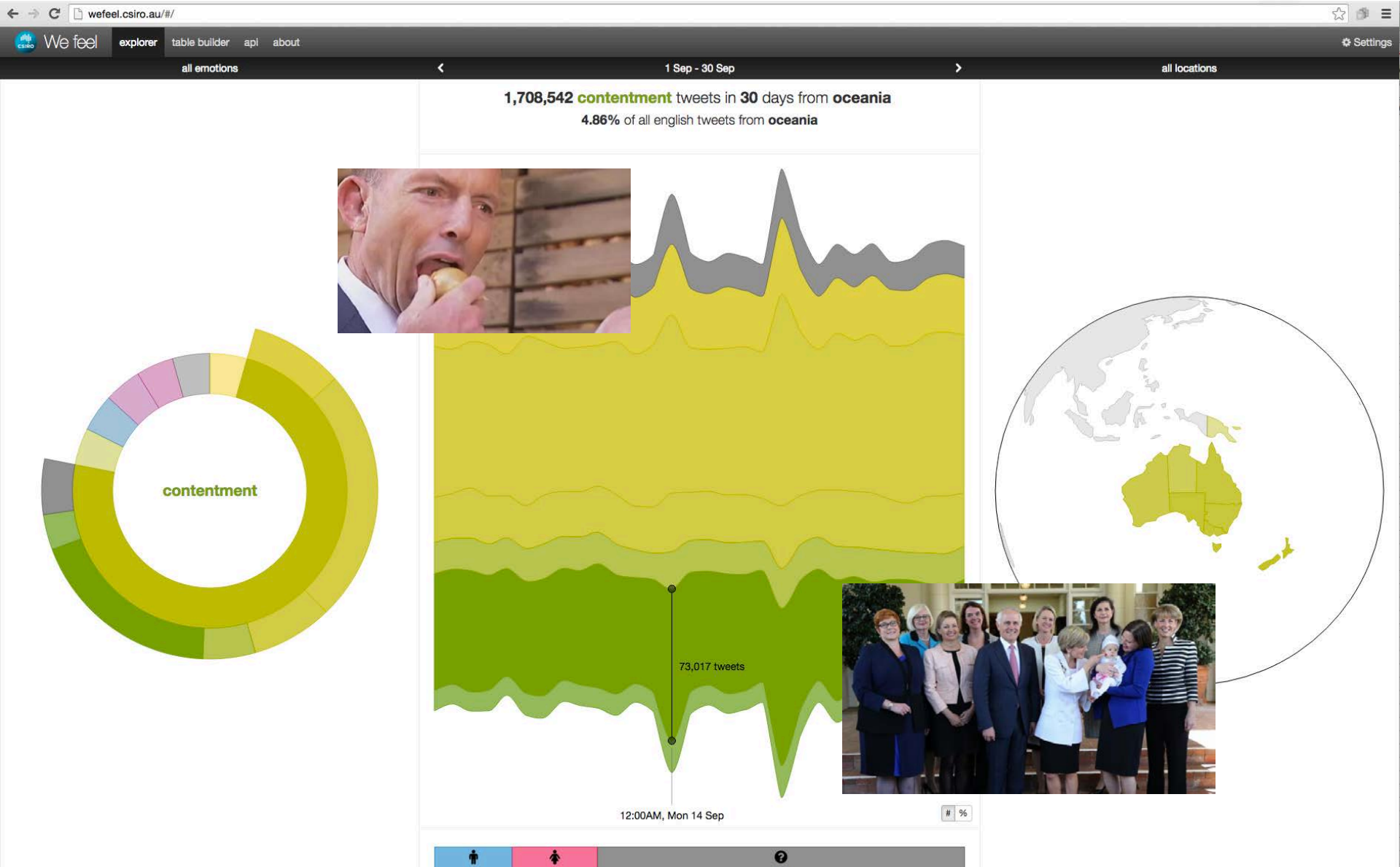
Gathering information
Oli Scarff/AFP/Getty Images

By Hal Hodson

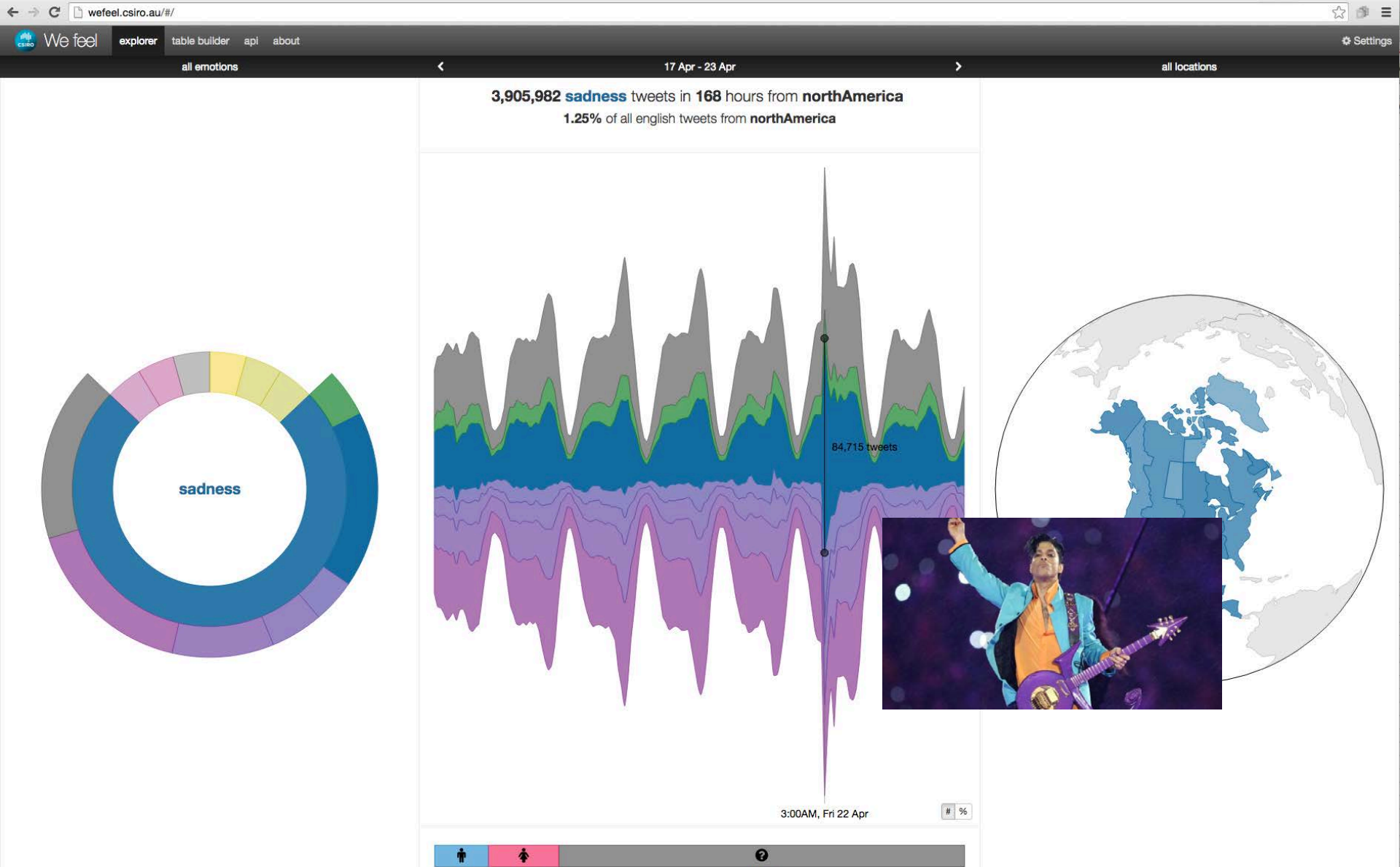
It's no secret that [Google has broad ambitions in healthcare](#). But a document obtained by New Scientist reveals that the tech giant's collaboration with the UK's National Health Service goes far beyond what has been publicly announced.

<https://www.newscientist.com/article/2086454-revealed-google-ai-has-access-to-huge-haul-of-nhs-patient-data>

Using 'new' data sources: Twitter

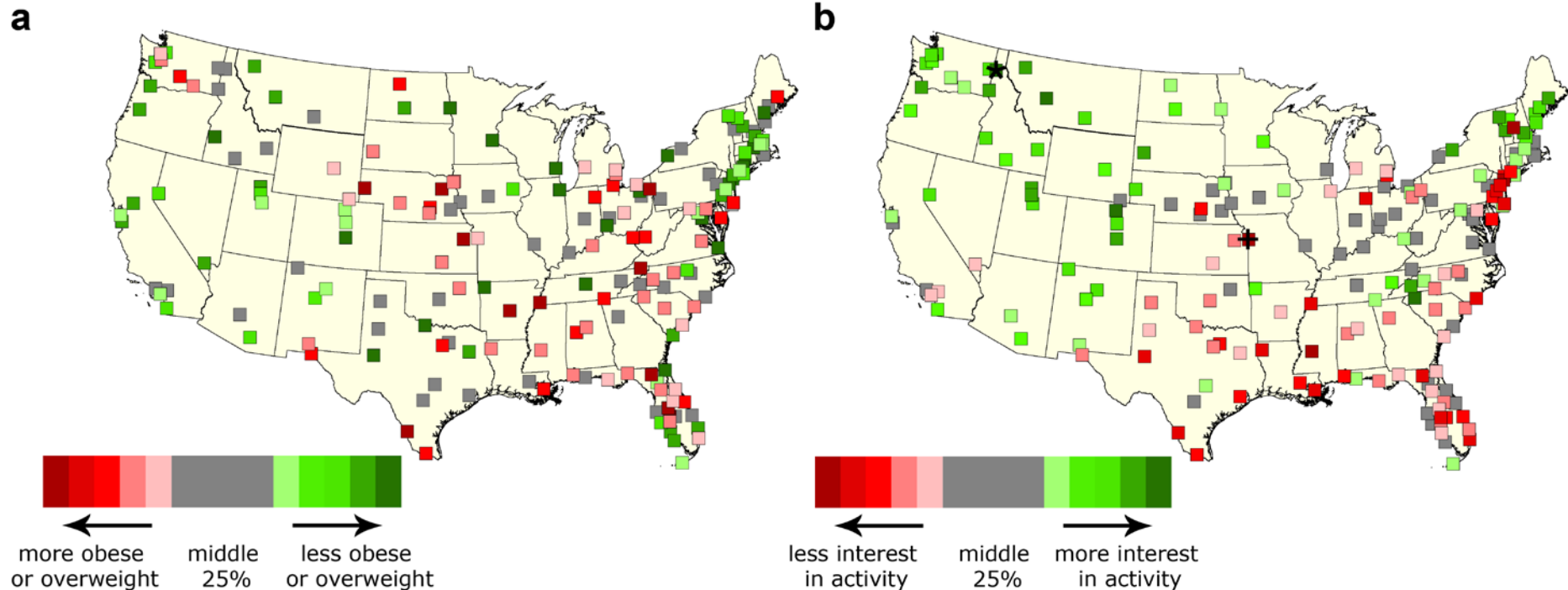


Using 'new' data sources: Twitter



Using 'new' data sources: facebook

Figure 3. Prevalence of activity-related interests and obesity in the USA.



Chunara R, Bouton L, Ayers JW, Brownstein JS (2013) Assessing the Online Social Environment for Surveillance of Obesity Prevalence. *PLoS ONE* 8(4): e61373. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0061373

Empowering patients

QUANTIFIED
SELF

YOU ARE JUST A NUMBER

Can you make yourself healthier and happier by logging every snore, step and mood swing? As a Californian trend for obsessional data-tracking makes its way over here, **Tim Chester** covers his body in gadgets to find out if self-knowledge is power. Photograph by Paul Stuart

Today I have climbed the equivalent of a tall giraffe. Coffee is my most frequent food. On average, I walk 11,726 steps a day, burning 3,089 calories, over 2.4 hours of activity. I sleep for 6 hours and 9 minutes a night. This week, my sleep efficiency is 72% and my food is 77% healthy. My BMI of 23.5 is 14 percentage points below the median for men my age, and my average daily Met score is 1.71, although I have no idea what a Met score is.

I am, it seems, nothing more than a bundle of numbers and milestones, spurred on by LEDs and chided by pop-up messages. A wireless accessory for the iPhone; perhaps its most sophisticated yet.

My arms are covered in bands, my pockets augmented with accelerometers, my eyes numb from all the charts, my heart pumping to the beat of a heart-rate monitor and forcing its ventricles to keep up with the national average. My head is about to implode from all the positive affirmation and gentle nudging, but it's OK because my memories are being saved to my hard drive and my mood swings are earning me "hugs" from strangers.

I am producing, analysing and socially sharing personal data. I am becoming fitter, happier, and more productive. I am staying motivated by earning badges. I have become a Quantified Self (QS).

The QS movement that I've temporarily joined began, as these things tend to do, in San Francisco's Bay Area in 2007. Two Wired magazine editors, Gary Wolf and Kevin



 **369 MINS**
Sleep per night

 **73**
bpm heart rate

 **3,324**
Nike FuelBand score

 **582**
photos logged

 **11,726**
steps walked

 **3,089**
Calories burnt

 **24**
Hours of nonstop video


"A marvelous job of exploring first-hand the implications of storing our entire lives digitally."

—GUY L. TRIBBLE, *Apple Inc.*



YOUR LIFE, **UPLOADED**

THE **DIGITAL WAY TO
BETTER MEMORY, HEALTH,
AND PRODUCTIVITY**



 **GORDON BELL**
AND **JIM GEMMELL**

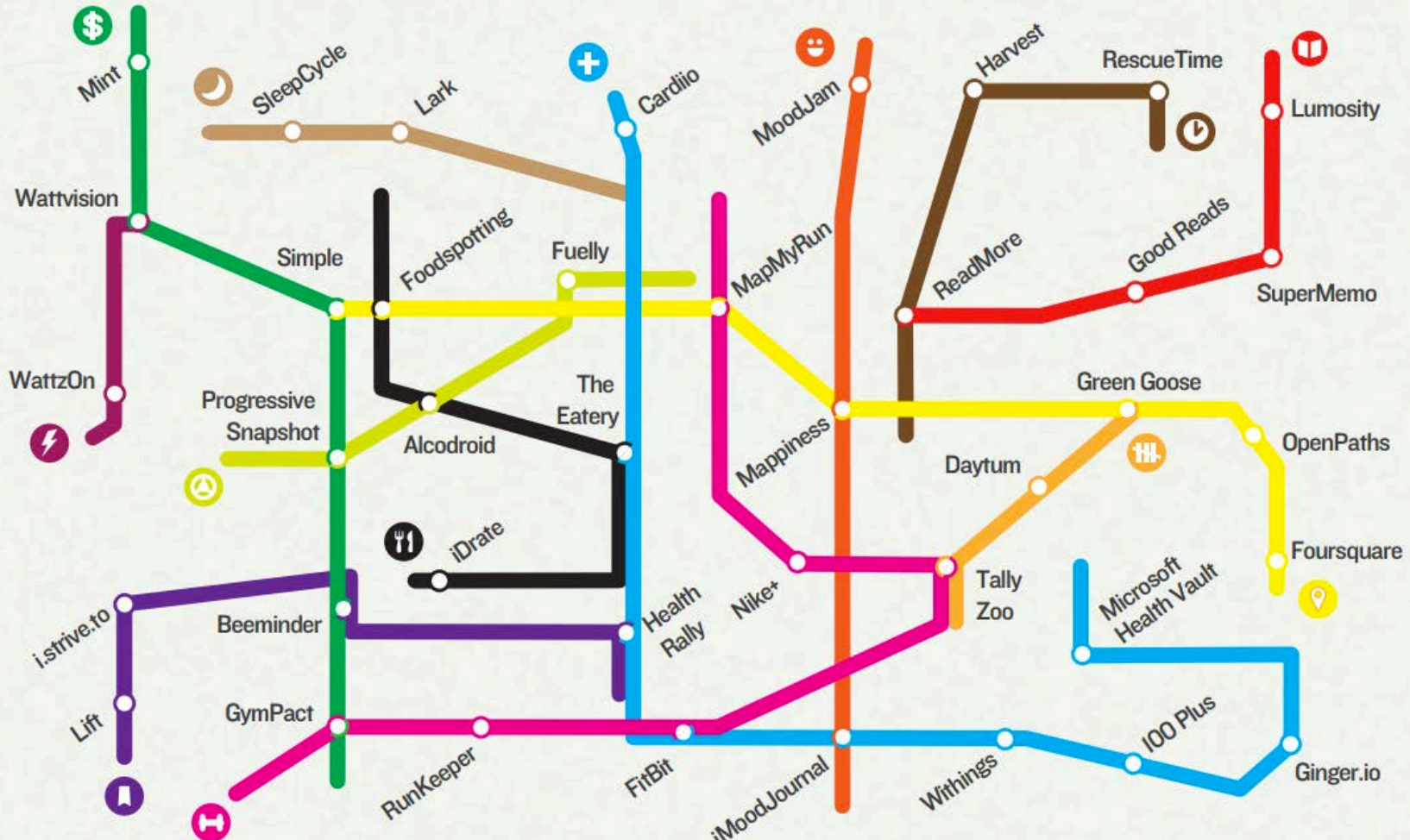
FOREWORD BY **BILL GATES**

Previously published as Total Recall

<http://totalrecallbook.com/>

TRACK YOURSELF!

A map of digital tools to help you quantify your life.



- | | | | |
|--------|--------------|--------------|----------|
| Money | Productivity | Driving | Location |
| Sleep | Learning | Food & Drink | Goals |
| Health | Electricity | General | Fitness |
| Mood | | | |

<http://www.article-3.com/mapping-the-quantified-self-99287>



What is HealthVault?

Microsoft HealthVault is a trusted place for people to gather, store, use, and share health information online. [Learn more](#)

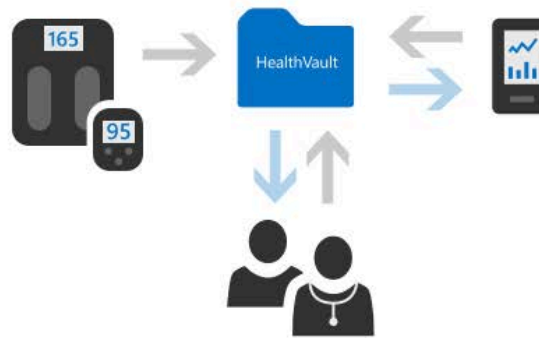
- Organize your family's health information.
- Be better prepared for doctor visits and unexpected emergencies.
- Create a more complete picture of your health, with you at the center.
- Achieve your fitness goals.

Connect anywhere



Connect from the [web](#), [Windows](#), [Windows Phone](#), [iPhone](#), and [more](#).

Connect your health data



Learn [how HealthVault works](#) with connected apps and devices and helps you share information with people you trust.

How it works

HealthVault lets you gather, store, use, and share health information for you and your family, putting you in control of your health information.



Your health data

Microsoft HealthVault gives you one place to access all of your health information online.

There are many ways to add information and connect with data from your healthcare providers.

If you're managing the health of a child, parent, or other family member, you can add records for them too.



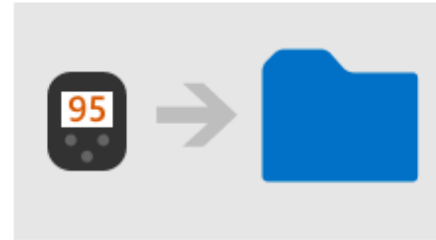
Health apps

HealthVault-connected apps are websites, computer software, and mobile apps that can help you get more out of—and put more into—HealthVault.

You can choose apps to help you stay motivated, analyze trends, and receive education and recommendations to keep you at your best.

That's the great thing about HealthVault: you only need to gather your information once and then you can use it in all kinds of ways.

Browse the [App Directory](#)



Personal health devices

A growing list of devices such as pedometers, blood pressure monitors, blood glucose monitors, and even weight scales work with HealthVault.

The best part is that you don't have to enter anything by hand, just upload your data directly to HealthVault from compatible devices.

Browse the [Device Directory](#)



Sharing

You can share any part of your health record with anyone you choose, whenever you like, to make sure everyone's in the loop.



Find out what your DNA says about you and your family.

- Learn what percent of your DNA is from populations around the world
- Contact your DNA relatives across continents or across the street
- Build your family tree and enhance your experience with relatives

order now

\$149

Watch Greta and Stacy's story.

Find out how these two women discovered their connection as sisters.

[See all stories →](#)



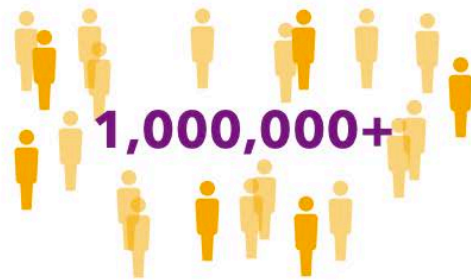
Bring your ancestry to life through your DNA.

Discover your ancestral origins and trace your lineage with a personalized analysis of your DNA.

- Ancestry composition
- DNA relatives
- Neanderthal percentage
- Family tree tool
- Maternal and paternal lineages



order now

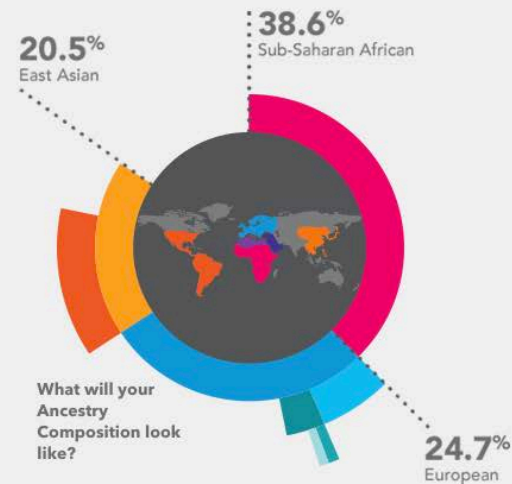


Bigger database. More matches.

With over 1,000,000 people worldwide in our database, you could discover hundreds of matches, more data and more discoveries.

23 pairs of chromosomes. One unique you.

Find out what percent of your DNA comes from populations around the world, ranging from East Asia, Sub-Saharan Africa, Europe, and more. Break European ancestry down into distinct regions such as the British Isles, Scandinavia and Italy. People with mixed ancestry, African Americans, Latinos, and Native Americans will also get a detailed breakdown.



conditions, symptoms, treatments...



Live better, together!™

Making healthcare better for everyone through sharing, support, and research

[Join now](#)

(it's free!)



Learn from others

Compare treatments, symptoms and experiences with people like you and take control of your health



Connect with people like you

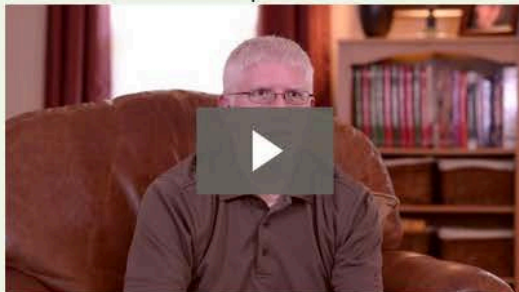
Share your experience, give and get support to improve your life and the lives of others



Track your health

Chart your health over time and contribute to research that can advance medicine for all

Member Stories: The Napkin Notes Dad



"Our brother Stephen was living with ALS and we thought, 'there has to be a better way.' There is. By sharing our experiences, we can all contribute new data that can accelerate research and help create better treatments.

Our experiences can actually change medicine... for good."

Jamie & Ben Heywood
Co-founders, PatientsLikeMe

News

[PatientsLikeMe and AstraZeneca Announce Global Research Collaboration](#)

Our five-year agreement is a major step forward to make patient-centric evidence a cornerstone of scientific discovery and development.

[PatientsLikeMe Appoints Ed Godber as First Executive Vice President of Life Sciences Ventures](#)

Ed is responsible for managing PatientsLikeMe's life sciences business and bringing the patient agenda to the forefront of our partners' development and delivery operations.

[See all](#)

325,000 members

2,400+ conditions

60+ published research studies

27 million data points about disease

Look up a condition

Conditions at PatientsLikeMe

Cancer

Breast, Lung, Liver, Testicular, Prostate, Pancreatic, CLL (Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia), Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma, Thyroid

Endocrine

Diabetes: Type I, Type II, Hypothyroidism, Hyperthyroidism

Immune, Inflammatory and Infections

Rheumatoid Arthritis, Lupus, HIV, Lyme Disease, AIDS

Lungs and Respiratory

Pulmonary Fibrosis, Asthma, COPD, Cystic Fibrosis, Emphysema, Pulmonary Hypertension

Metabolism and Nutrition

Hypercholesterolemia, Hemochromatosis, Obesity

Skin, Hair and Nails

Psoriasis, Eczema, Rosacea

Developmental and Chromosomal

Tay-Sachs, Autism Spectrum, Down Syndrome

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

Hearing Loss, Glaucoma, Macular Degeneration

Kidneys and Urinary

Polycystic Kidney Disease, Chronic Kidney Disease, Interstitial Cystitis

Men's Health

Infertility, Erectile Dysfunction, Benign Prostatic Hypertrophy

Muscle, Bone and Joint

Fibromyalgia, OA, Osteoporosis, TMJ, Muscular Dystrophy

Transplants

Heart Transplant, Kidney Transplant, Liver Transplant, Lung Transplant, Pancreas Transplant

Digestive and Intestinal

Crohn's Disease, IBS, Ulcerative Colitis

Heart, Blood and Circulatory

Coronary Artery Disease, Hypertension, Iron Deficiency Anemia, Raynaud's Syndrome, Congestive Heart Failure, Cardiomyopathy, Aplastic Anemia

Liver, Pancreas and Gallbladder

Hepatitis C, Pancreatitis, Polycystic Liver Disease

Mental Health and Behavior

Depression, Bipolar I, Bipolar II, Social Anxiety, ADHD/ADD, Dysthymia, Generalized Anxiety Disorder, Panic Disorder, Eating Disorder, OCD, Phobia, PTSD, Schizophrenia, Drug Addiction, Tobacco Addiction, Alcohol Addiction

Neurological and Brain

ALS, MS, PD, Epilepsy, RLS, CFS, MSA, NMO, PLS, PSP, CBD, Stroke, Migraine

Women's Health and Pregnancy

Infertility, Endometriosis, Menopause, PCOS, Postpartum Depression

[Store](#)[Mac](#)[iPhone](#)[Watch](#)[iPad](#)[iPod](#)[iTunes](#)[Support](#)

Now everybody can do their part to advance medical research.

Medical researchers are doing some of the most important work in the world, and they're committed to making life-changing discoveries that benefit us all. To help, we've created ResearchKit, an open source software framework that makes it easy for researchers and developers to create apps that could revolutionize medical studies, potentially transforming medicine forever.

[Watch the film](#) 



Open Humans

Awesome studies. Your data. Advancing research.

[Become a member](#)

[Log in](#)

Researchers, connect your studies

Open Humans members have valuable data – and they can share it with you!

[Learn about connecting](#)



Why become a member?

Open Humans helps you connect to exciting and innovative research studies – and gives you access to the data they produce from you.

- find **exciting studies** to join
- access to your **raw data**
- **share** your data with others
- **connect** with other members
- let others see your **contribution to science!**































Open source yourself.

Open Humans members can choose to publicly share their data. Make your data a public resource! Which data you share is always up to you.

[Learn about public sharing](#)

Members 1 to 50 of 1,902

Sort by username

Name	Studies
 Chris Durall (Chris_Durall)	
 Beau Gunderson (beau)	
 Gabriel Dean (gsdcomo)	
 Cliff (Clifford_G_Andrew_PGP84)	
 Stephen M Albers (salbers12)	
 Jaak R (vbcoach)	
 James Larry Vick (jameslvick)	
 Jason Yang (jasonhyang)	
 Juhan Sonin (jsonin)	
 Dario X. Musso (Dario)	
 Dan Bergman (Dyfflinviking)	
 Jen Wagner (JKW)	
 Crystal Butler (SuperLuckyCat)	
 Alex Hoekstra (ahoekstra)	
 Anna (annallull)	



SHARE

STUDIES

WHY I SHARED

REGISTER

WHY

WHAT'S NEW

QUESTIONS?

SPARE BLOOD

GET INVOLVED



SAVE LIVES

Sign up now.

It takes less than a minute to submit your details

REGISTER

TELL YOUR FRIENDS



Like

268



Tweet

SHARE YOUR STORY



WATCH THE VIDEO



101741

1 0 1 7 4 1

People registered so far



ANY QUESTIONS?



Genetic studies of body mass index yield new insights for obesity biology

Adam E. Locke, Bratati Kahali, Sonja I. Berndt, Anne E. Justice, Tune H. Pers, Felix R. Day, Corey Powell, Sailaja Vedantam, Martin L. Buchkovich, Jian Yang, Damien C. Croteau-Chonka, Tonu Esko, Tove Fall, Teresa Ferreira, Stefan Gustafsson, Zoltán Kutalik, Jian'an Luan, Reedik Mägi, Joshua C. Randall, Thomas W. Winkler, Andrew R. Wood, Tsegaselassie Workalemahu, Jessica D. Faul, Jennifer A. Smith, Jing Hua Zhao  *et al.*

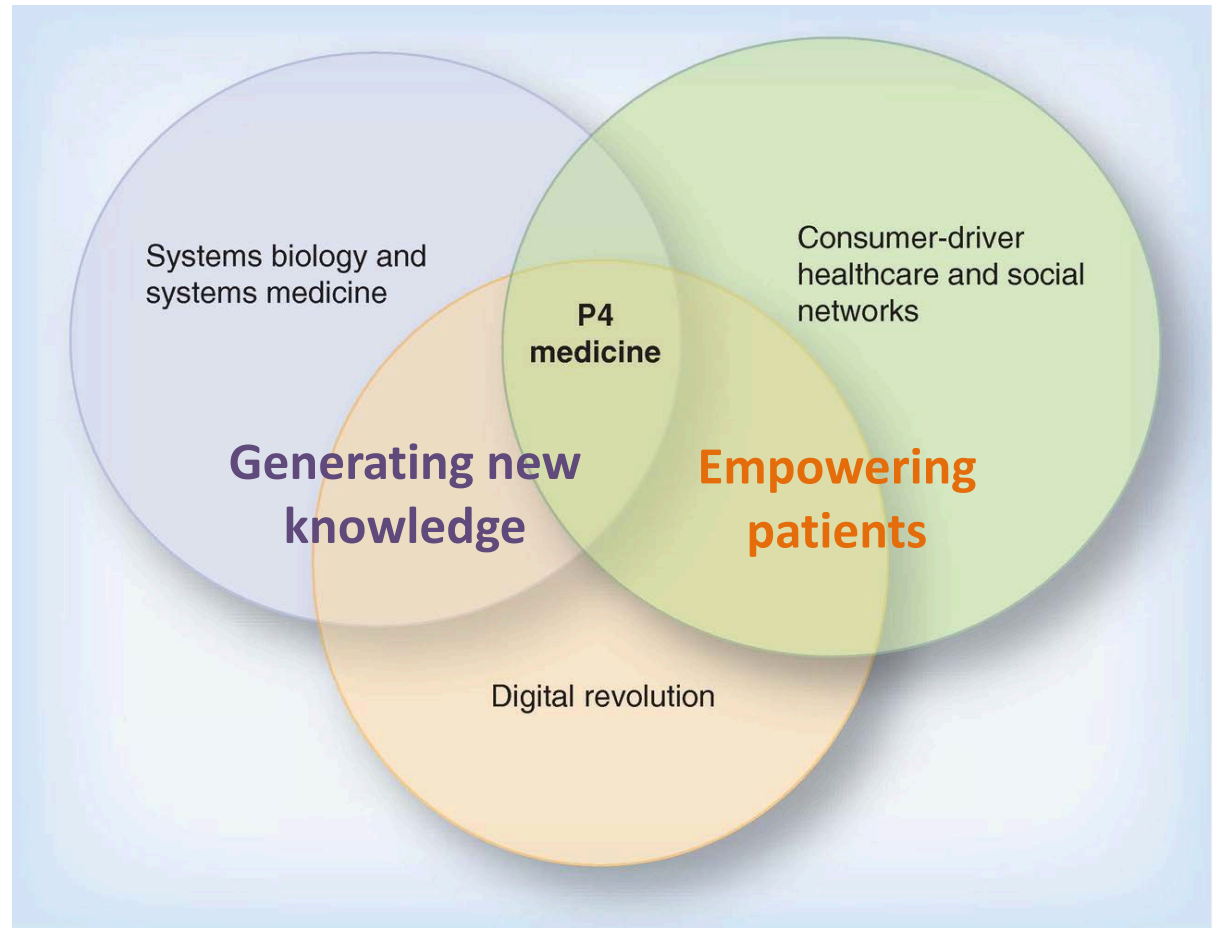
[Affiliations](#) | [Contributions](#) | [Corresponding authors](#)

Nature **518**, 197–206 (12 February 2015) | doi:10.1038/nature14177

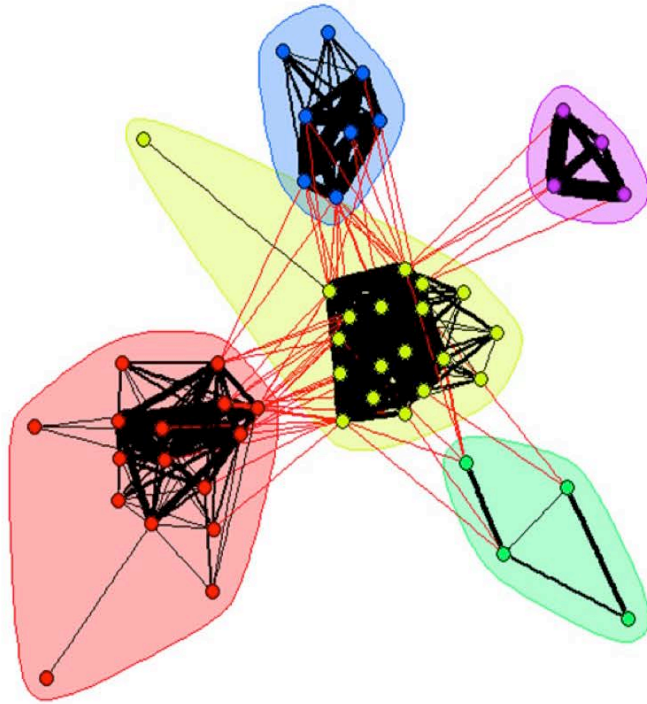
Received 20 November 2013 | Accepted 23 December 2014 | Published online 11 February 2015

Big data transforming health care: 'P4 Medicine'

- Predictive
- Preventive
- Personalized
- Participatory



Flores M, Glusman G, Brogaard K, Price ND, Hood L. P4 medicine: how systems medicine will transform the healthcare sector and society. *Future Medicine* 2013;10(6):565-576.



Network characteristics

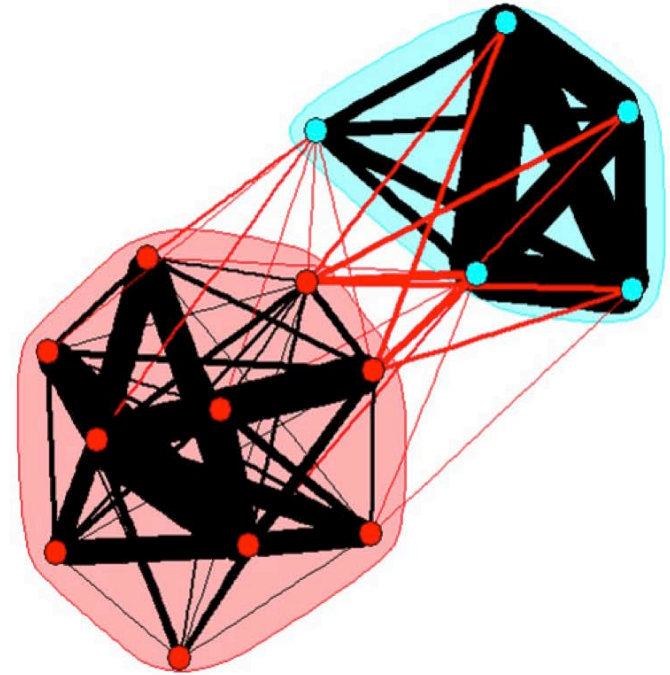
Number of providers: 51
 Number of PPCs: 5

Provider-level characteristics

Mean number of shared patients : 41.3
 Mean adjusted degree: 40.8
 Mean betweenness centrality: 40

PPC-level characteristics

Mean number of providers: 10.2
 Mean number of patients: 151.2
 Mean adjusted degree: 6.5



Network characteristics

Number of providers: 15
 Number of PPCs: 2

Provider-level characteristics

Mean number of shared patients: 85.7
 Mean adjusted degree: 15
 Mean betweenness centrality: 7.9

PPC-level characteristics

Mean number of providers: 7.5
 Mean number of patients: 343
 Mean adjusted degree: 2.9