

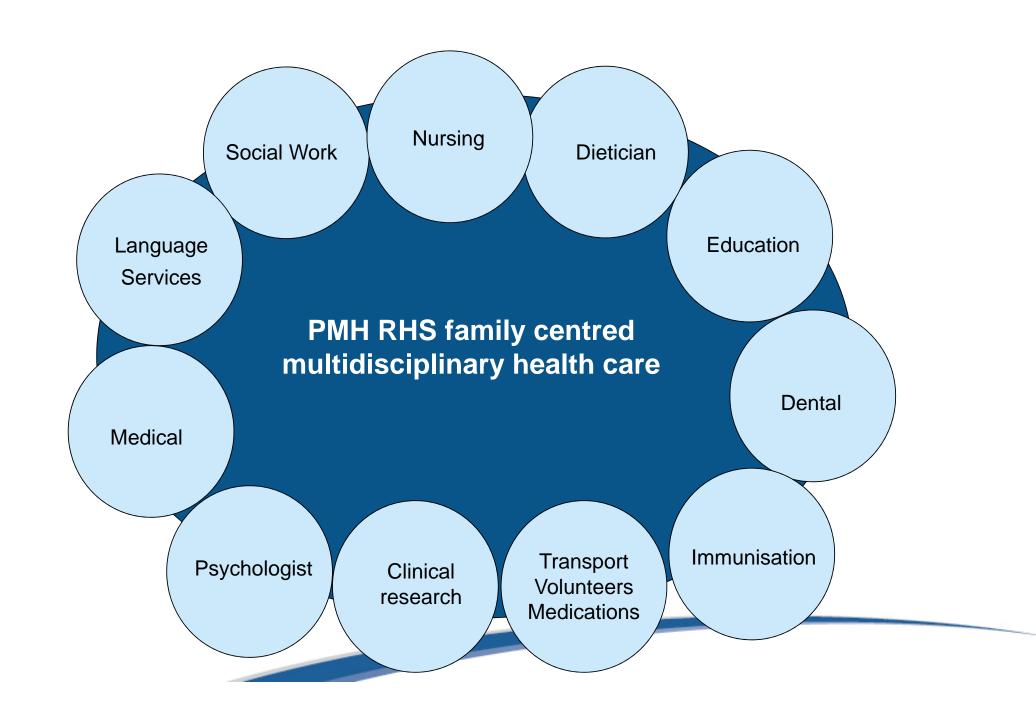
Adversity and resilience amongst resettling Western Australian paediatric refugees

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PMH Refugee Health Service

- Established in 2006 (tertiary hospital)
- Over 300 new referrals annually (humanitarian entrants and asylum seekers <16 years)
- Most referred from WA Humanitarian Entrant Health Service; 15% currently asylum-seeker families





Study Background

- Refugee children are exposed to many negative experiences
- Cumulative negative childhood experiences have long-term consequences (CDC ACE study)
- Current RHS initial assessment includes standardised proformas (family/individual) including psychological symptoms
- Concerns raised about under-reporting of psychological impact at first review

CHILD AND ADOLESCENT HEALTH SERVICES Med Rec. No: PRINCESS MARGARET HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN Sumame: REFUGEE HEALTH CLINIC Forename: ... FAMILY SHEET Sex: . . D.O.B. Affix Labels of all Children in Family Here (sticker section used for index filing) Date: Family phone number: Referral details Date of referral: October Specify:

| Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, specify: | Other, spe Language details ☐ Interpreter not required ☐ Interpreter present ☐ Phone Interpreter Language services: Languages spoken: Transport details ☐ PMH arranged and funded ☐ Public transport ☐ Private car Transport to clinic: Other, specify: Refugee journey O | Visa type: Date arrived in Australia: Country of origin: Country of first refuge: SHEET Other transit countries: Total transit time (years): Time in a refugee camp (years): Yes No Ever in detention: Time in detention (months): REFUGEE HEALTH FAMILY Yes No Currently In detention: Detention centre(s): During transit: Yes No Yes No Currently: Nuclear family separation: Family details ☐ In Australia ☐ Overseas ☐ Deceased ☐ In Australia ☐ Overseas ☐ Deceased Mother: Father. Yes No Parents separated currently: Relationship to guardian(s): Number of siblings alive: Number of siblings in Australia: Number of siblings deceased: Number of siblings overseas: Extended family in Australia: Yes No Family medical history: MR370.01 Mother's highest level of education: Father's highest level of education:

FAMILY S	TH CLINIC HEET			
Family Tree				
Mother's previous occupation	5:	TAFE	∐Yes ∐No	
Ane Maternal Marriage:			☐ Yes ☐ No	
Family home building type (he Number of bedrooms:	ouse / apartment / townhouse /	refuge):	upants:	
Linked to a GP:			□ No □ Uncertain	·
GP uses an Interpreter: 🗆 Y	es No Not required	Bilingual Uno	ertain	
Services used for translation		Centrelink Family / friends	Case worker	
Additional issues within the				
	Yes No Uncerta			
Domestic violence:				- 1
FGMC within the family:	Yes No Uncerta			- 1
	Yes No Uncerta			
FGMC within the family: Underage engagement				
FGMC within the family: Underage engagement Other:	Yes No Uncerta			
FGMC within the family: Underage engagement Other: Additional assistance provi	ded Yes No			
FGMC within the family: Underage engagement: Other: Additional assistance provi Centrelink payments:	Yes No Uncerts	<u> </u>		
FGMC within the family: Underage engagement Other: Additional assistance provi Centrelink payments: Accessing childcare:	Yes No Uncert:	e of birth:		
FGMC within the family: Underage engagement: Other: Additional assistance provi Dentrelink payments: Accessing childcare: Date of birth change:	Yes No Uncert:	e of birth:		
FGMC within the family: Underage engagement Other: Additional assistance provi Centrelink payments: Accessing childcare: Date of birth change: Reunification advocacy:	Yes	ie of birth: p to children: problem:		.
FGMC within the family: Inderage engagement: Other: Additional assistance provi Centrelink payments: Accessing childcare: Date of birth change: Reunification advocacy: Housing arrangements: ASETTS referral:	Yes No Uncerts	le of birth: problem: referral:		.
FGMC within the family: Underage engagement: Other: Additional assistance provi Centrelinit, payments: Accessing childcare: Date of birth change: Reunification advocacy; Housing arrangements: ASETTS referral: Child protection unit referral:	ded Yes No Uncertified Yes No Uncertified Yes No Uncertified Yes No Correct dat Yes No Relationship Yes No Reason for Yes No Yes No Yes Ye	le of birth: p to children: problem: referral:		
FGMC within the family: Inderage engagement: Other: Additional assistance provi Centrelink payments: Accessing childcare: Date of birth change: Reunification advocacy: Housing arrangements: ASETTS referral:	Yes No Uncerts	ie of birth: p to children: problem: referral: referral:		

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Study Aims

- Identify refugee children/adolescents requiring targeted psychological intervention
- Monitor mental health using standardised questionnaire (SDQ)
- Hypotheses:
 - that refugee children would demonstrate elevated SDQ scores compared to Western population norms
 - symptom reporting would vary with time

Study Design

Addition of SDQ to standardised RHS proforma collection (2014)



Review of patient records (Initial SDQs: Aug 2014-Jan 2016; follow-ups ceased June 2016)





R-ACE/Psych Symptoms

SDQ Results

Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire

- Standardised screening tool available in multiple languages
- Five Scales
 - Emotional Symptoms
 - Conduct Problems
 - Inattention/Hyperactivity
 - Peer Problems
 - Prosocial Behaviour
- Total Difficulties Score: sum of first four scales

Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire

For each item, please mark the box for Not True, Somewhat True or Certainly True. It would help us if you answered all items as best you can even if you are not absolutely certain. Please give your answers on the basis of your child's behaviour over the last six months.

Your child's name			Male/Female
Date of birth	Not True	Somewhat True	Certainly True
Considerate of other people's feelings			
Restless, overactive, cannot stay still for long			
Often complains of headaches, stomach-aches or sickness			
Shares readily with other children, for example toys, treats, pencils			
Often loses temper			
Rather solitary, prefers to play alone			
Generally well behaved, usually does what adults request			
Many worries or often seems worried			
Helpful if someone is hurt, upset or feeling ill			
Constantly fidgeting or squirming			
Has at least one good friend			
Often fights with other children or bullies them			
Often unhappy, depressed or tearful			
Generally liked by other children			
Easily distracted, concentration wanders			
Nervous or clingy in new situations, easily loses confidence			
Kind to younger children			
Often lies or cheats			
Picked on or bullied by other children			
Often volunteers to help others (parents, teachers, other children)			
Thinks things out before acting			
Steals from home, school or elsewhere			
Gets along better with adults than with other children			
Many fears, easily scared			
Good attention span, sees chores or homework through to the end		П	

Do you have any other comments or concerns?

	No	Yes- minor difficulties	Yes- definite difficulties	Yes- severe difficult
If you have answered "Yes", please answ	wer the following	questions about	these difficulties	:
How long have these difficulties been	present?			
	Less than a month	1-5 months	6-12 months	Over a year
Do the difficulties upset or distress you	or child?			
	Not at all	Only a little	Quite a lot	A great deal
Do the difficulties interfere with your or a second control of the control o	child's everyday l	ife in the followi	ng areas?	
•	Not at all	Only a little	Quite a lot	A great deal
HOME LIFE				
FRIENDSHIPS				
CLASSROOM LEARNING				
LEISURE ACTIVITIES				
• Do the difficulties put a burden on you	or the family as	a whole?		
	Not	Only a	Quite	A gre
	at all	little	a lot	deal

Adverse Childhood Experiences

CDC criteria (score 0-10)

- 1. Abuse (emotional)
- 2. Abuse (physical)
- 3. Abuse (sexual)
- 4. Maternal domestic violence
- 5. Substance Abuse
- 6. Mental Illness
- 7. Parental separation/divorce
- 8. Criminal household member
- 9. Neglect (emotional)
- 10. Neglect (physical)

Refugee Adverse Childhood Experiences

Refugee Adverse Childhood Experiences (score 0-20+): CDC ACE criteria plus:

- 11. Refugee Status
- 12. Family Separation (previous)
- 13. Family Separation (current)
- 14. Prolonged Transit (> 5 years)
- 15. Interrupted Schooling
- 16. Detention impact (family member previously detained)
- 17. Detention impact (previous child detention)
- 18. Detention impact (current child detention)
- 19. Witnessed trauma
- 20+. Death of nuclear family member (1 x R-ACE per deceased person)

Results

- Total 204 patients audited (66.6% new patients)
 - 204 initial SDQs
 - 143 had six month follow up SDQ
- Majority completed in English using professional interpreters*
- Only 9.8% administered in non-English language (mostly Arabic) أستبيان مواطن القوة والصعوبة SDQ (4-17سنة)

رجى الاجابة على كل بند ب: غير صحيح, صحيح نوعا ما , او صحيح بالتأكيد بوضع علامه تحت الأجابة المناسبة . حاول ان تكون دقيقا في إجاباتك. سوف يساعنا كثيرا اذا اجبت على كل بند حتى وان كنت غير متأكد او ترى انه غير مناسب. يرجى ان تكون اجابتك حول سلوك الطفل خلال السنة الأشهر الأخيرة. 🗌 ولا 📄 بنت ناريخ الميلاد لا يستطيع البقاء او الاستقرار في مكان واحد . كثير الحركة كثيرا ما يشكو من صداع او آلام في البطن او الشعور بالغثيان يشرك الاخرين بسهولة فيما يخصه إلعب أقلام ألعاب حلوياتالح كثيرا ما تنتابة نوبات من الغضب الشديد أ و سريع الغض يحب العزلة. يميل الى اللعب لوحدة مطبع على وجه العموم. عادة يفعل ما يطلبه منه الكبار

يقلق من اشياء كثيرة. كثيرا ما يبدى عليه القلق

^{*} Interpreters used as per WA Department of Health Languages Services Policy

Demographics

		n	%
Mean age	9.2 years		
Gender	Female	105	51.4
Main Ethnic Groups	Burmese Afghani Sudanese Ethiopian Congolese Somali Iranian Other	53 43 15 15 11 11 11 45	25.9 21 7.3 7.3 5.4 5.4 5.4 25.2
Maternal Education	Nil	88	43.6
Paternal Education	Nil	84	41.6
Initial SDQ Age	2-4 4-10 11-17	33 89 82	16.2 43.6 40.2

Psychological symptom screening

- 37% had at least one psychological symptom identified on initial proforma
 - Over half had multiple symptoms
- Most prevalent symptoms
 - Sleep disturbance (13.4%)
 - Separation anxiety (11.4%)
 - Excessive crying (10%)



Adverse refugee experiences

- Protracted refugee transit 45.5%
- Nuclear family separation common
 - 61.8% previous
 - 36.8% ongoing
- Parental death 19.1%
- Orphaned 6.4%
- Sibling death 19.1%
- Interrupted education 33%



Adverse refugee experiences (R-ACE)

- 63% experienced 3 or more adverse refugee experiences (R-ACE)
- Higher R-ACE if:
 - African ethnicity
 - Older age (>10y)
 - Protracted transit time (>5 years)
 - Family separation
 - Separation anxiety on initial screening proforma
 - Nil formal maternal education

Psychological problems and ACE findings disclosed at first RHS consultation

		Number	%
Psychological	Sleep disturbance	27	13.4
Symptomology	Separation anxiety	23	11.4
(n=201)	Excessive crying	20/200	10
	Secondary enuresis	20	9.9
	Aggression	15	7.5
	Nightmares	12	6
Adverse Childhood	Parent mental Illness	23/204	11.3
Experiences [†] (n=204)	Maternal domestic violence	5/204	2.4
	Criminal household member	1/204	0.05

R-ACE findings (n=204)

	E " 0 "		0.1
Refugee Adverse	Family Separation	n	%
Childhood Experiences	Previous	126/204	61.8
	Ongoing	75/204	36.8
	Prolonged Transit	87/191	45.5
	Interrupted Schooling	66/200	33
	Death of nuclear family		
	One parent	39/204	19.1
	Both parents	13/204	6.4
	Sibling	28/204	13.7
	Detention impact		
	Family detained	33/204	16.1
	Child detention (past)	15/204	7.4
	Child detention (current)	1/204	0.5
	Parent mental health	23/204	11.3
	illness		
	Witnessed trauma	17/204	8.3

Impact of Demographics on R-ACE

Variable (number)	R-ACE median scores (IQR)	p-value
Entire cohort (201)	3 (2-5)	n/a
Ethnic Region		
Africa (59)	5 (3-5)	< 0.001
SE Asia (68)	3 (2-4)	
Middle East (74)	3 (2-4)	
Age		
Age >10 years (80)	3.5 (3-5)	0.001
Age <10 years (121)	3 (2-4)	
Gender		
Male (98)	3 (2-5)	ns
Female (103)	3 (2-5)	ns
Parental education level		
Maternal education > primary (111)	2 (2-4)	<0.001
Nil formal maternal education (88)	4 (3-5)	
Paternal education > primary (117)	4 (3-5)	0.004
Nil formal paternal education (82)	2 (2-4)	
Psychological variables identified at		
first consultation		
Separation anxiety (23)	5 (3-5)	0.005
Nil separation anxiety (171)	3 (2-5)	

SDQ Initial Results

- Results varied with age/ethnicity
- 2-4yo: elevated peer problems, conduct problems, prosocial difficulties
- 4-10yo: elevated emotional symptoms scores and peer problem scores
- 11-17yo (SR in 90%): peer problem and hyperactivity scores elevated

Ethnicity

 SE Asia/Middle East: higher initial total difficulty scores compared to children from Africa

Age

- Higher emotional symptom scores in children > 10 years
- Lower hyperactivity scores in older children (did not reach significance p = 0.081)

Maternal education > primary level

Higher TD, H, CP, PP scores

Nil demonstrated effect on SDQ

- with/without protracted transit time
- ongoing family separation
- paternal education level
- interrupted schooling
- gender

SDQ 6 month follow up

- 2-4 years: no change in scores between initial/follow up SDQ
- 4-10 years: Improvement with total, emotional, hyperactivity, peer problem, prosocial scores at follow up
- 11-17 years: Improved total difficulty scores and peer problem scores

SDQ PMH RHS Evaluation

- Follow up SDQ assessment of patient/family perception of RHS
- Majority (>80%) reported improvement since attending RHS ("a bit/much better")
- Majority (>80%) found the service helpful ("quite a lot/a great deal")

Follow-up of adverse SDQ results

- After initial RHS assessment, almost half (42.6%) were referred for further psychosocial support
 - Internal services: ongoing Social Work input, Psychological Medicine
 - External services eg Association for Services to Torture and Trauma Survivors (ASeTTS)



Summary – SDQ Results

- Total Difficulty scores not elevated across ages at expected frequencies
- Elevated peer problem scores across all age groups
- Variation with age/ethnicity/maternal education

SDQ/R-ACE Differences

- Cross-cultural differences
 - African children highest R-ACE scores but lowest TD SDQ scores
- Reporting variability across cultures
 - ?resilience
- Timing of SDQ: shortly after resettlement
- SDQ measures current symptomology, vs R-ACE documenting past adversity (predictive of long-term health risk)

Limitations and Challenges

- Use of a standardised questionnaire in a heterogeneous cohort
- Logistical barriers to completion
- Teacher SDQs not utilised
- Self-reporting in adolescent population
 - may underestimate own mental/psychosocial health needs

Conclusions and future directions

- Study identified high rates of adversity
- Psychological symptoms in many but resilience also seen
- SDQ supplemented RH clinical assessment and continues to be implemented
- Scope for implementation of other screening tools in RHS

Questions?



Thank you to all the families, interpreters and RHS staff that contributed to the study.

PMH Refugee Health Service:

http://www.pmh.health.wa.gov.au/services/refugee_clinic/

Mental health among refugee children – top bands in bold)	Initial SDQ score	s stratified by ac	ge (percentage ≥5% for
,	P2-4 SDQ	P4-10 SDQ	11-17 SDQ
	n=33	n=89	n=82
Total Difficulty Score (0-40)	11-00	11-00	11–02
Median (interquartile range)	7 (2.5-10.5)	7 (3-12)	7.5 (3-10)
Close to Average (%)	84.8	79.8	91.5
Slightly Raised (%)	3	7.9	4.9
	3	6.7	4.9
High (%) Very High (%)	9.1	5.6	3.7
very night (%)	9.1	5.6	3.7
Emotional Symptoms Score (0-10)			
Median (interquartile range)	0 (0-1.5)	1 (0-4)	2 (0-3.25)
Close to Average (%)	84.8	73	90.2
Slightly Raised (%)	6.1	11.2	2.4
High (%)	6.1	7.9	2.4
Very High (%)	3	7.9	4.9
very riight (70)	J	7.5	4.0
Hyperactivity Score (0-10)			
Median (interquartile range)	3 (1-4.5)	2 (0-4)	2 (0-3)
Close to Average (%)	81.8	88.8	64.6
Slightly Raised (%)	9.1	5.6	14.6
High (%)	6.1	4.5	14.6
Very High (%)	3	1.1	6.1
Conduct Problems Score (0-10)			
Median (interquartile range)	1 (0.2.5)	1 (0.2)	1 (0.2)
Close to Average (%)	1 (0-3.5) 75.8	1 (0-2) 74.2	1 (0-2) 92.7
3 ()	12.1	12.4	6.1
Slightly Raised (%)	6.1		
High (%)	6.1	4.5 9	1.2
Very High (%)	0.1	9	•
Peer Problems Score (0-10)			
Median (interquartile range)	2 (1-3)	2 (0-3)	2 (0-2)
Close to Average (%)	60.6	74.2	64.6
Slightly Raised (%)	18.2	12.4	14.6
High (%)	15.2	4.5	14.6
Very High (%)	6.1	9	6.1
Proposial Spare (0.10)			
Prosocial Score (0-10)	0 (7 5 40)	0 (7.5.40)	0 (0 10)
Median (interquartile range)	9 (7.5-10)	9 (7.5-10)	9 (8-10)
Close to Average (%)	78.8	78.7	86.6
Slightly Low (%)	9.1	10.1	6.1
Low (%)	12.1	7.9	6.1
Very Low (%)		3.4	1.2

SDQ Scoring

- Scored online or hard copy templates available
- Four bands of scores based on validated norms:
 - Close to average (80%)
 - Slightly raised/low (10%)
 - High/low (5%)
 - Very high/low (5%)

youthin mind Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire (2016-08-31 04:10:11 GMT) SDQ scores Parent SDQ for 4-17 year olds Score for overall stress 20 (20 - 40 is VERY HIGH) Score for emotional distress 5 (5 - 6 is HIGH) 5 (4-5 is HIGH) Score for behavioural difficulties Score for hyperactivity and concentration difficulties 5 (0 - 5 is close to average) Score for difficulties getting along with other children 5 (5 - 10 is VERY HIGH) Score for kind and helpful behaviour 5 (0 - 5 is VERY LOW)