

Is the Heath Sector taking Climate Change Seriously?

Sustainable Health Systems

RACP CONGRESS 2018 Sydney 14 – 16 May 2018

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Dr Greg Stewart

Director, Primary Integrated and Community Health South Eastern Sydney Local Health District May 14th 2018

Key Questions

- Is the planet warming? Yes
- Is it us? Yes
- Does it matter? Yes
- Must we do something? Yes

Prof Chris Rapley, Professor of Climate Science, University College London formerly Director of UK Science Museum, and Head of British Antarctic Survey cited in BMJ 2011;343:d6789

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Sustainability

"Meeting the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs" (Brundtland Commission, 1987)

Co-benefits

- Economic cost-saving, money redirected to other health and healthcare activities
- Health low energy, low carbon transport & food: clear health benefits
- Social increased social contact & mental wellbeing e.g. active transport



Mitigation and adaptation

Adaptation:

managing the unavoidable

Mitigation:

avoiding the unmanageable



Climate and Health Alliance (CAHA) National Framework









of opportunities to grow adaptation services.

Agencies will undertake additional policy investigation for sectors with significant opportunities and risks, including:

- » energy productivity (Office of Environment and Heritage)
- » fugitive emissions (Division of Resources and Energy)
- » primary industries emissions and adaptation (Department of Primary Industries)
- » health and wellbeing (Ministry of Health).

Review mechanisms

All action plans will be regularly reviewed consistent



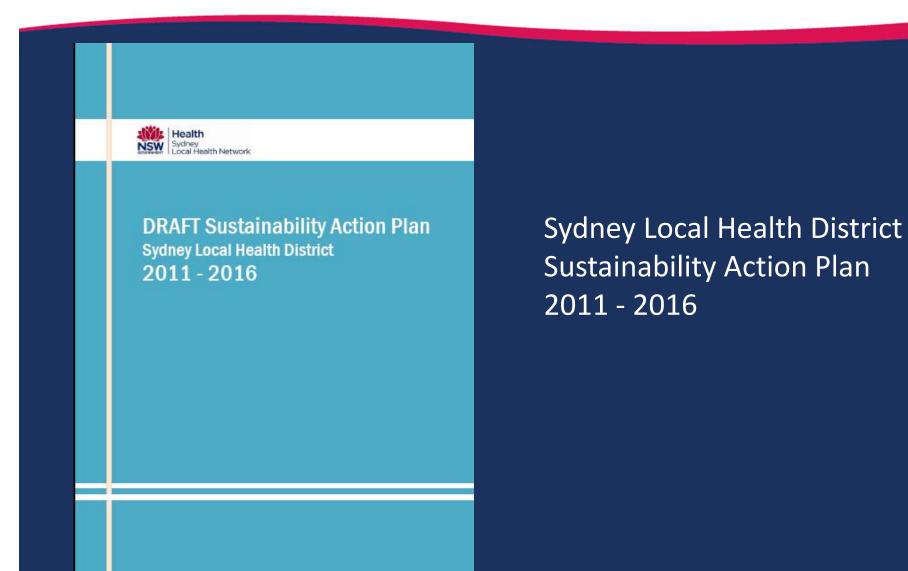


2016 TO 2023

NSW Ministry of Health Resource Efficiency Strategy 2016 - 2023









South Eastern Sydney Local Health District Sustainability Strategy 2013-2016

Developed by the South Eastern Sydney Local Health District Sustainability Committee

V5.July 2013.

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Key Action Areas

- Organisational Leadership To establish strong leadership for sustainable healthcare
- Energy To promote energy efficiency in health facilities
- Water To promote water efficiency in health facilities
- Purchasing and Pharmaceuticals To purchase and procure sustainably and to enable the purchasing power of the health system to drive efficiency and positive environmental outcomes
- Transport To ensure energy efficiency in transportation. To reduce the environmental impact associated with patient and staff travel

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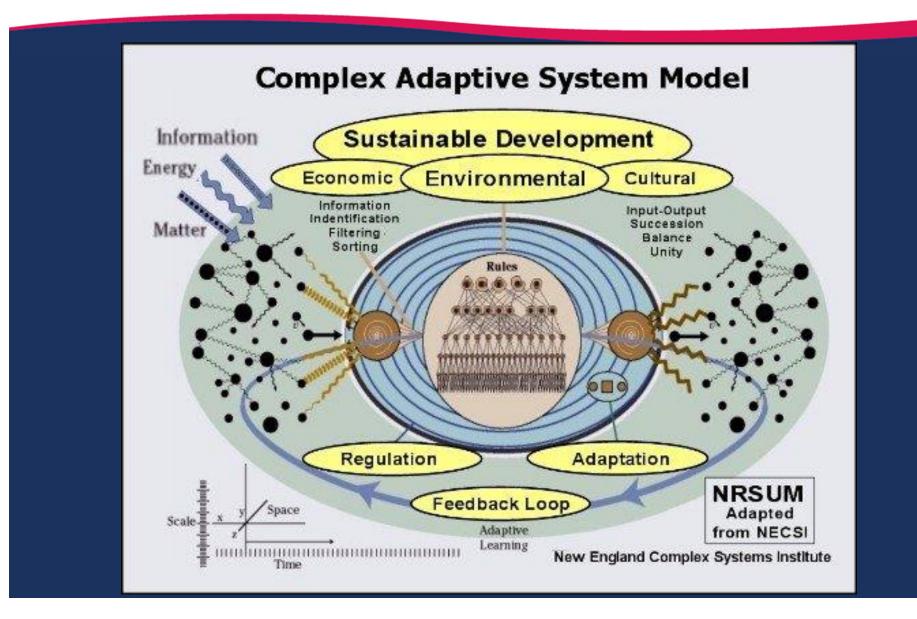
Waste - To ensure that less waste is produced across health facilities and that recycling is increased
 Health

Key Action Areas

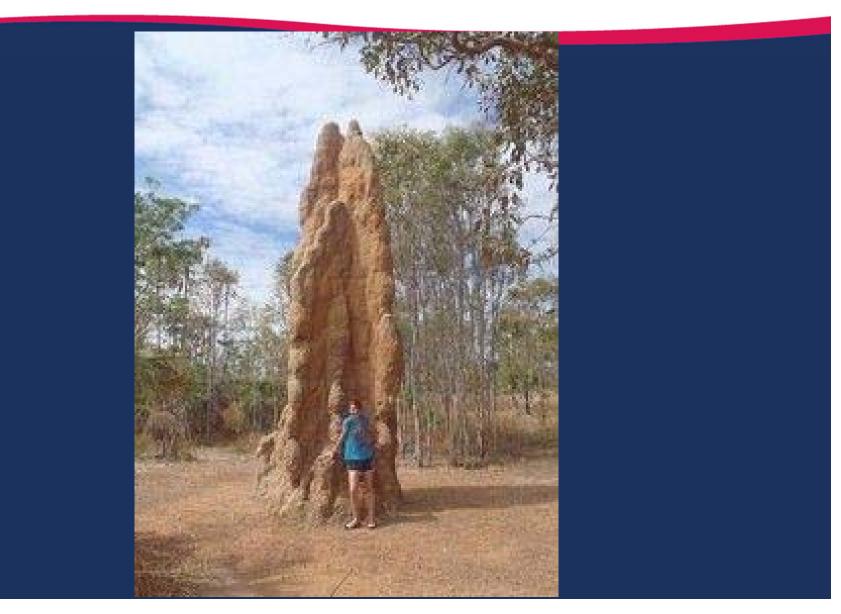
- Food To develop a sustainable approach to food procurement and wastage reduction
- Office Practices To educate staff and promote sustainable action in day to day practice
- Capital Works To ensure all new facility developments are energy efficient
- Clinical Practice To develop new models of care to improve sustainability
- Benchmarking, monitoring, and evaluation To quantify our Carbon Footprint and show where we are making a difference











Eight Lessons for Implementation

- Lesson #1: Plans are necessary, but implementation is more important
- Lesson #2: Leadership at all levels
- Lesson #3: Involve everyone but identify resources to support implementation
- Lesson #4: Good data are a good start



Eight Lessons for Implementation

- Lesson #5: Environmental sustainability is much broader than 'green' initiatives
- Lesson #6: Effective engagement
- Lesson #7: Build a network
- Lesson #8: Political awareness



Features of a future, environmentally sustainable health and care system

- Primary care, prevention and patient empowerment.
- More integrated and innovative models of care.
- Using 'new' sources of value, such as utilising people's inner resources and the interactions between people (relationships); peer to peer models; co-design and coproduction; more widely defining 'health workers'



Features of a future, environmentally sustainable health and care system

- Reducing or eliminating low value care.
- Optimising new technologies such as information & communication technology (ICT).
- Re-shaping healthcare's role within society, around our core business of protecting and promoting health.



Conclusions

- The health sector has a key role to play in environmental stewardship, and must lead by example
- Strategies to reduce emissions have important co-benefits
 & provide an opportunity to improve the health of the population
- Need for all health staff, personally and collectively, to address carbon reduction and sustainability
- Executive leadership and engagement in carbon reduction is crucial
- Clinician engagement and activism is crucial

