First 1000 days

RACP Congress May 2019

Johan Morreau

Aspiring

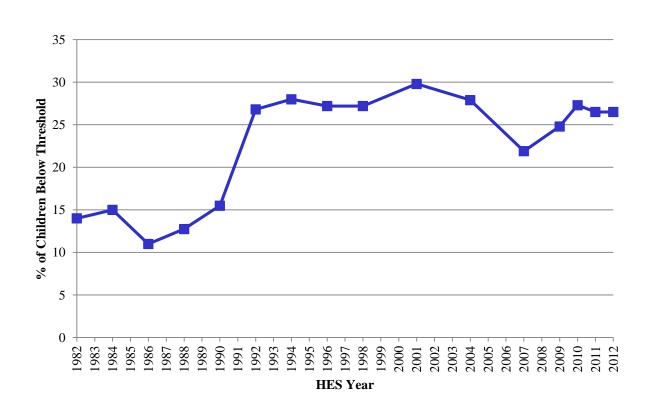
Self determining

Leaving a legacy



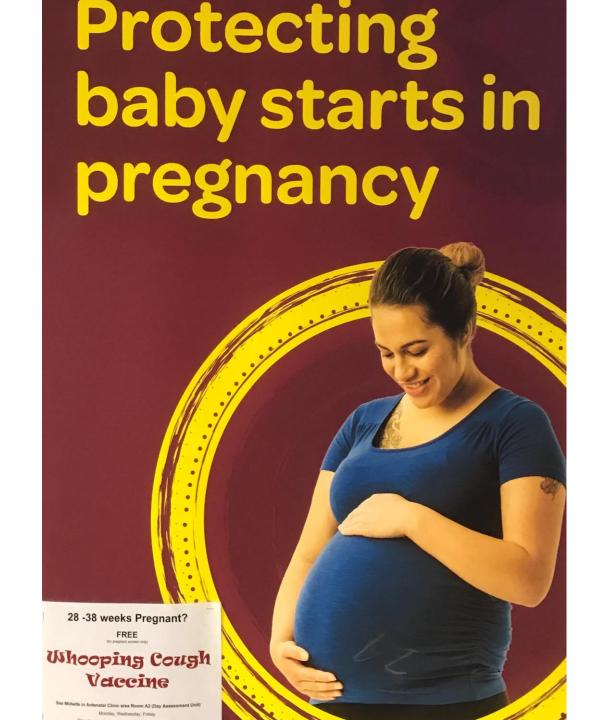
"Ahakoa he iti, he iti pounamu" Although she is small she is precious

NZ has Intergenerational poverty +++ - High levels of Poverty since 1991 = Inequity +++ Damaging and results in parenting issues



First 1000 days — pure pregnancy

Wanted / Dreams Attachment during pregnancy Good nutrition No alcohol or drugs No cigarettes Early antenatal care



Attachment

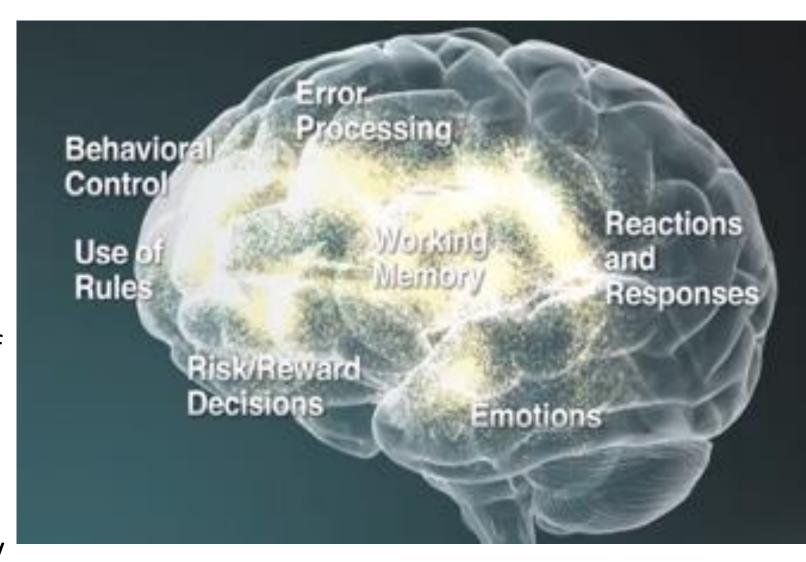
Facilitated by oxytocin



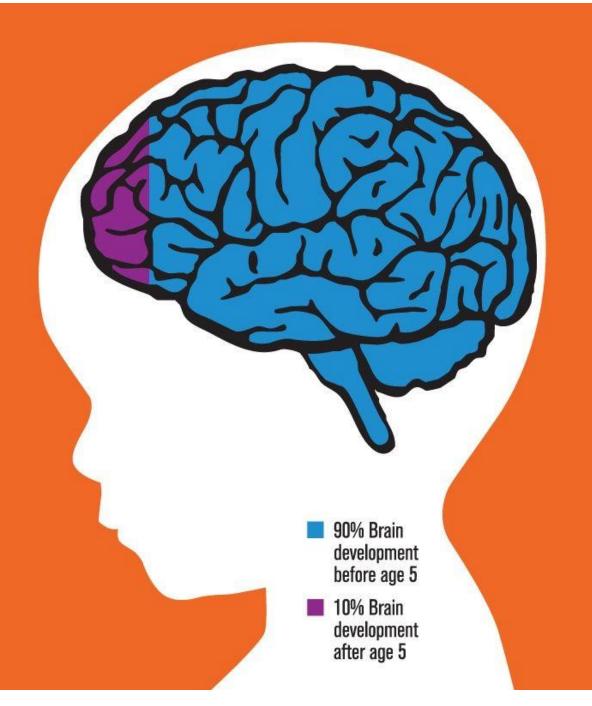
Early experience builds a brain

- Genes are the blueprint but experience is the carpenter
- Together they build a brain from the base up. Building a brain is like building a house

 depending on the quality of experience a child grows a weak or a strong foundation
- This foundation is critical for the later development of executive skills and the ability to self control and manage a life



of a child's brain development happens before age 5

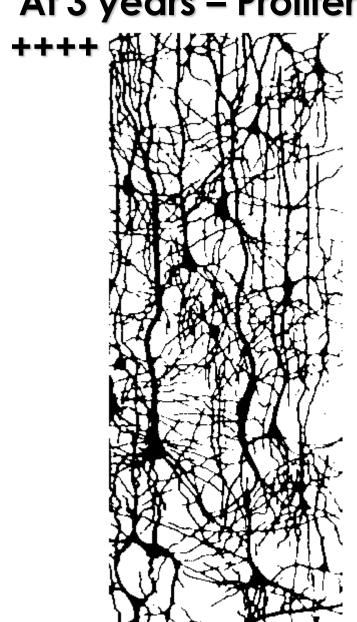


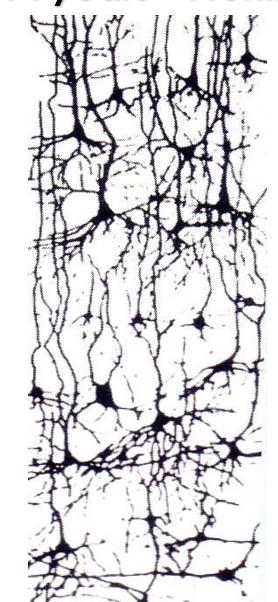
Birth

At 3 years – Proliferation

14 years - Pruning







Summary

- Development occurs when a child and somebody else interact –somebody who is crazy about the child and gives them time.
- Through observing, playing, interacting with others a child develops their ability and their identity.





The Biology of Adversity: Three Levels of Stress

Positive

Brief increases in heart rate, mild elevations in stress hormone levels.

Tolerable

Serious, temporary stress responses, buffered by supportive relationships.

Toxic

Prolonged activation of stress response systems in the absence of protective relationships.

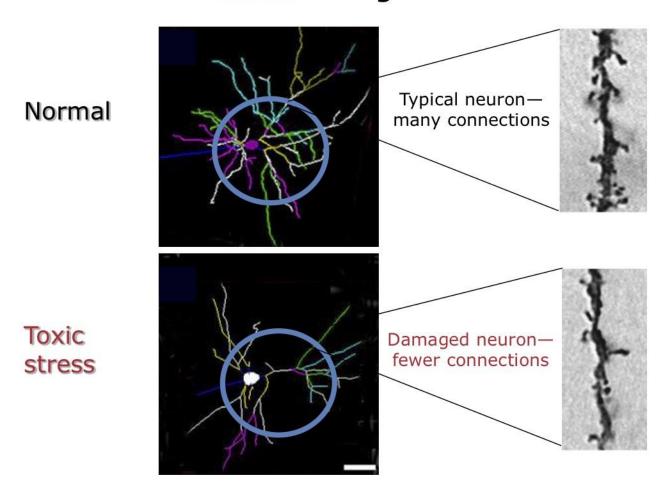
Toxic Stress derails healthy development

• When stress responses remain activated at high levels for significant periods of time, without supportive relationships to help calm them, toxic stress results.

 This can impair the development of neural connections, especially in the areas of the brain dedicated to higherorder skills, empathy, ability to control emotions and later cognitive skills - creating lifelong problems in learning, behaviour, and physical and mental health

NATIONAL SCIENTIFIC COUNCIL ON THE DEVELOPING CHILD

Toxic Stress Changes Brain Architecture



Prefrontal Cortex and Hippocampus

Sources: Radley et al. (2004) Bock et al. (2005)

Serve & Return interaction shapes brain circuitry

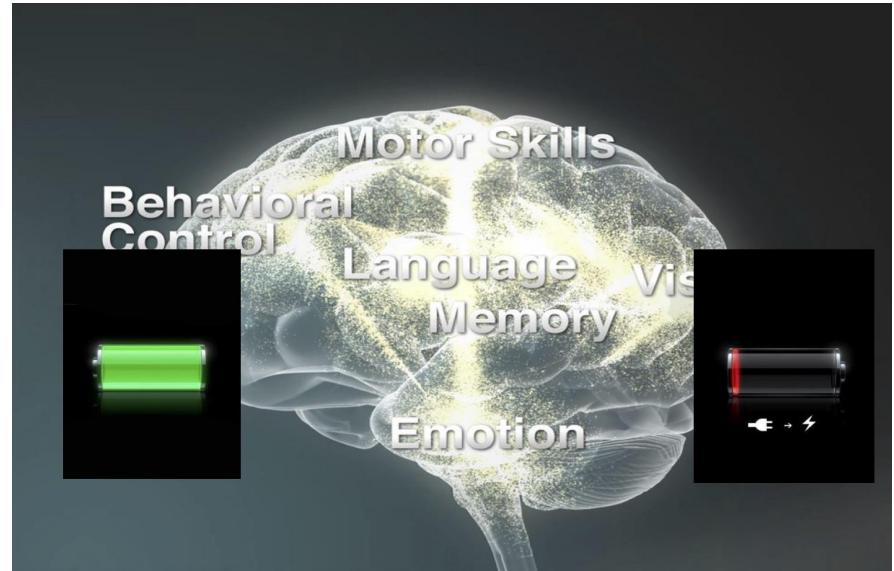
- Children serve
- Caregivers return their serves
- This back and forth is key to wiring the brain
- Works best within a trusting relationship
- Occurs inside and outside the home (school, community, extended family)

Concepts inherent in "Serve and return"

The absence of Serve and Return is a Toxic Stressor

 Serve and Return is a powerful therapeutic tool following Early Adversity (Never too late to start)

 I'm certain that the majority of children and young people we see with significant behavioural and mental health issues are suffering from PTSD and need "Serve and Return" "Lights come on" with "Serve and Return"



Pregnancy - poor placental function eg smoking

- Growth retardation / small for dates
- Prematurity complications ++
- Birth Asphyxia
- Hypoglycaemia
- •Separation of baby from mother attachment, breast feeding issues
- •Smaller airways = Sicker when get bronchiolitis

Origins of Vulnerability

Neglect/Lack of parenting/Need for Love

Poor Nutrition

Prematurity

Intrauterine Growth Retardation

Birth Asphyxia/ Brain Damage

Smoking

+ Separation of baby from mother in a SCBU

Infections

Alcohol Drugs

David Barker 1938-2013

"...the serendipitous discovery..."

From obituary in Lancet 05 October 2013



WEIGHT IN INFANCY AND DEATH FROM ISCHAEMIC HEART DISEASE

D. J. P. BARKER C. OSMOND

P. D. WINTER

B. MARGETTS

S. J. SIMMONDS

MRC Environmental Epidemiology Unit, University of Southampton, Southampton General Hospital, Southampton SO9 4XY

growth and development in early life may be risk factors for ischaemic heart disease. To test this hypothesis, 5654 men born during 1911–30 were traced. They were born in six districts of Hertfordshire, England, and their weights in infancy were recorded. 92.4% were breast fed. Men with the lowest weights at birth and at one year had the highest death rates from ischaemic heart disease. The standardised mortality ratios fell from 111 in

Lancet. 1989;2(8663):577-80.

Morbidities associated with intrauterine growth restriction (IUGR) can be split into metabolic and nonmetabolic effects

Joss-Moore Curr Opin Pediatr. 2009; 21:230

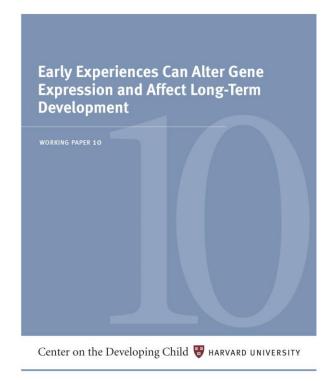
Adult phenotypes of intrauterine growth restriction

Metabolic	Nonmetabolic
Dyslipidemia	Attention deficit disorder
Hypertension + central adiposity = MS	Chronic lung disease
Insulin resistance	Immunodeficiency
Poor postnatal growth	Neurodevelopmental delay
Renal insufficiency	Schizophrenia

Epigenome - Environmental influences affect whether and if genes are expressed or not

The Epigenome is like the software in a computer's operating system

Experiences before and soon after birth can result in genes being chemically modified, turned on and off and sometimes not expressed at all.



Epigenome - Environmental influences affect whether and if genes are expressed or not. 2

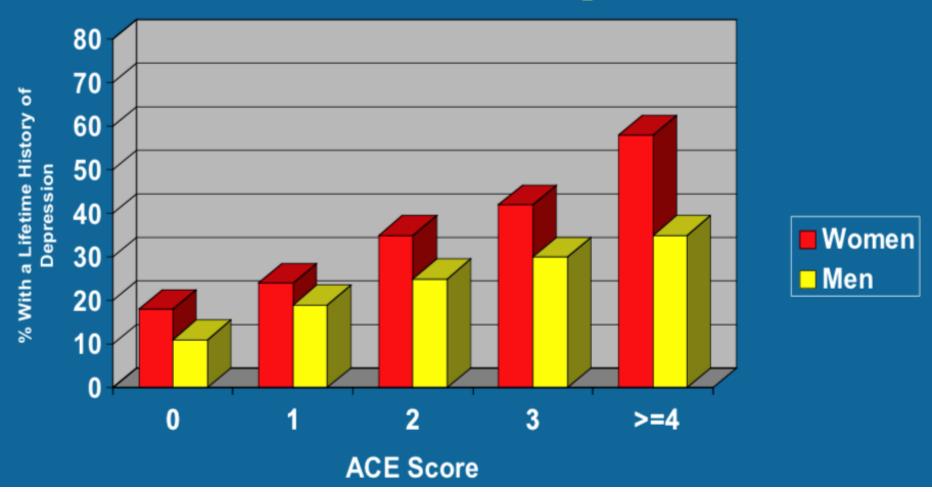
• <u>Injuries</u> during pregnancy or early childhood - malnutrition, chemical toxins, drugs, and <u>toxic</u> stress are built as epigenetic markers into the architectural software of the developing brain.

 Classic – gene for Conduct Disorder is expressed after exposure to emotional abuse and violence, but can otherwise remain unexpressed.

Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACE's)1995 Questionnaire – CDC and Kaiser Permanente-17,000 people. Middle Class Population

- Physical/Sexual/Emotional abuse
- Physical or emotional neglect
- Exposure to domestic violence
- Household substance abuse
- Household mental illness
- Parental separation or divorce
- Imprisoned household member
- More recently Poverty and Racism have been added

Childhood Experiences Underlie Chronic Depression



ell-being **Childhood Experiences Underlie Suicide Attempts** 25 20 % Attempting Suicide 15 10 5 0 0 **ACE Score**

ACEs frequently occur together - likely to be ? higher in NZ

- 40% of the original sample reported two or more ACEs and
- A little under 25% experienced 3 or more

• 12.5% experienced four or more ACE's - leads to 12 fold increase in suicide risk, 5 fold increase in depression risk, 30% reporting being raped

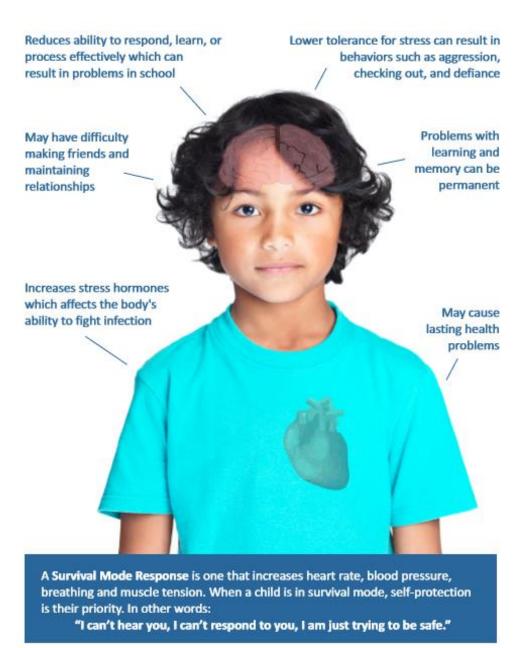
ACEs lower life expectancy

- 6 or more ACE's lowers life expectancy by 20 years
- 7 or more ACE's leads to 3 fold lung cancer risk, 4 fold risk of heart disease

 ACEs are a key predictor of life long chronic illness, addictions, suicide or early natural death

How do ACEs affect health?

Through stress. Frequent or prolonged exposure to ACEs can create toxic stress which can damage the developing brain of a child and affect overall health.

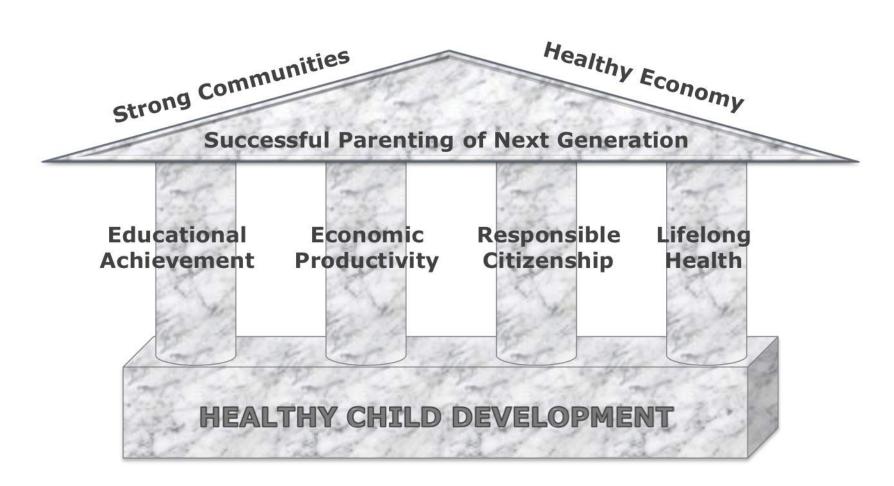


Attachment Problems / Toxic Stress damage

- Wired for stress aggressive, defiant, no self control. Survival mode responses
- Limited empathy can't make friends or relate easily to people
- Lifelong problems with memory, judgement and learning
- Multiple lifelong health issues
- Difficult to be a good enough parent

The Foundation of a Successful Society is Built in Early Childhood

- SPEND \$1
- SAVE \$17



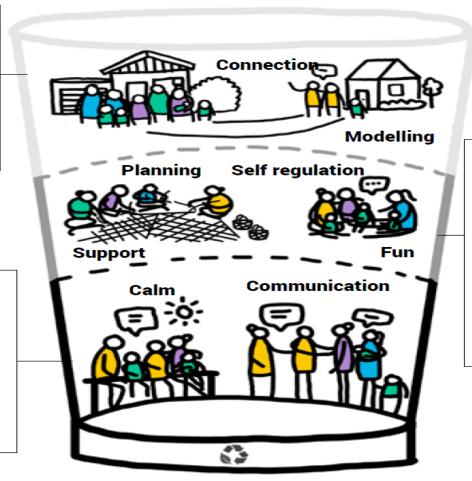
Lack of a satisfactory First 1000 days explains a large component of why:-

- NZ has one of the highest rates of youth suicide in the developed world
- NZ has a very high rate of incarceration
- We see increasing numbers of children and adults with a range of preventable medical, behavioural and mental health issues
- We see increasing numbers of patients with chronic metabolic related diseases

We know what to do - Rx. Key worker to engage with pregnant mum and family. In NZ likely to be based around Community and Whanau Ora and Family Start

The coaching role is very different from the traditional role of the "professional" and at times creating genuine relationships requires coaches to walk a fine line between private and professional selves.

At the beginning the level of trust-building and support is intensive. The process starts with open and persistent invitations to start a relationship and to participate, and requires fine judgment and sensing around people's readiness and appetite.



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As whānau begin to find a sense of worth and purpose through small activities and achievements the coach gradually steps back.

At the same time the coach deliberately empowers the development of executive functioning skills through peer-to-peer connection, relationships and learning that continues beyond the process.

Rx
UNICEF / CYFC
focus on

- 1. First 1000 days
- 2. Young people (who will become parents) who also "need a leg up".



"Ma te huruhuru, ka rere te manu"

"Give a bird feathers and the bird will fly"

Panel Discussion

Haven't dealt with our other stressors, contributors to ACE scores

- Colonialism
- Racism

- Financial systems increasing gap between rich and poor
- Loss of an egalitarian society

Resources to look at at home

- 1. Subject: Experiences Build Brain Architecture
- https://youtu.be/VNNsN9IJkws

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- 2. Subject: Serve & Return Interaction Shapes Brain Circuitry
- https://youtu.be/m 5u8-QSh6A
 - 3. Subject: Toxic Stress Derails Healthy Development
- https://youtu.be/rVwFkcOZHJw

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- 4. Subject: The Science of Neglect
- https://youtu.be/bF3j5UVCSCA

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- 5. Subject: FIND: Using Science to Coach Caregivers
- https://youtu.be/4C9klZgnM04

Resources to look at at home

Brazil's audacious plan to fight poverty using neuroscience and parents' love

 https://qz.com/1298387/brazils-wildly-ambitious-incredibly-precarious-programto-visit-every-poor-mother-and-change-their-childrens-destiny/

TED Talk First 1000 days Johan M

https://youtu.be/K1slVo3BNtM

First 1000 Days – Chloe Wright Foundation

https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCerCpgZH TABKbelZcwD8Xg/videos

- Inequity continues to increase
- The Health System will be overwhelmed if we don't break the cycles
- We need to radically transform our Mental Health & Addictions Services

- Evidence based early interventions in childhood have the potential to change lives of current and future generations of families
- We know what to do



- Build Strong Communities:
 - Inform and Educate
 - Enhance Skills
 - Provide Support
 - Enhance Access and Reduce Barriers
 - Community Activities
 - Modify/Change Policy

Parenting First Aid

Rx

 Love and Serve and Return – Spending enough time listening, watching, ready to facilitate the next stage in learning and development, respond to "what child is telling parent"

Boundaries

- Safety
- Respect people and property Treating these well

Looking to support positive behaviours – child feels good about themselves. Build on successes.

- Identify protective factors:
 - Encourage nurturing and positive relationships
 - Provide knowledge of parenting and child development
 - Assist in developing parental resilience
 - Social connections
 - Concrete support in times of need

Key Features

- Valuing the individual in all aspects of care
- Neutral, objective and supportive language
- Individually flexible plans and approaches
- Avoid shaming or humiliation at all times

(Fallot & Harris, 2002; Cook et al., 2002; Ford, 2003; Cusack et al. 2003; Jennings, 1998; Prescott, 2000) Attachment problems / Toxic Stress— Major loss of empathy, emotional and cognitive IQ and ability to form positive relationships

+/- Wanted or planned
Sick baby +
Separation
+ /- mental health
+/- addiction

+ Low Breast feeding rates + Neglect Attachment problems / Toxic Stress

Attachment / Toxic Stress related outcomes

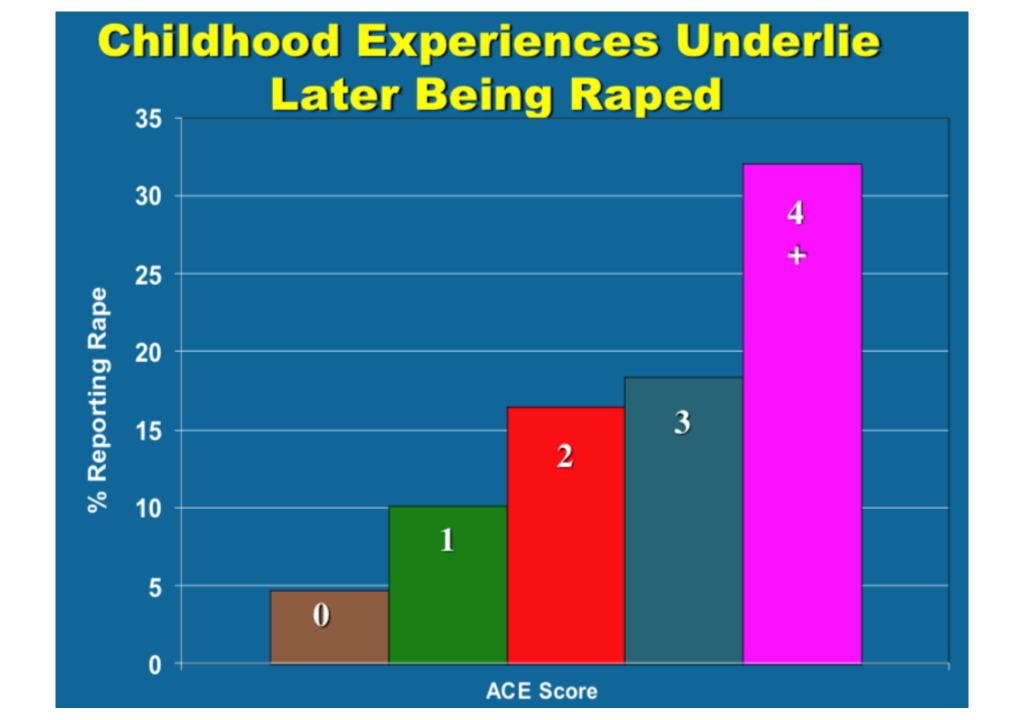
Attachment problems
Neglect
Stressed child

Poor self esteem
Educational Failure

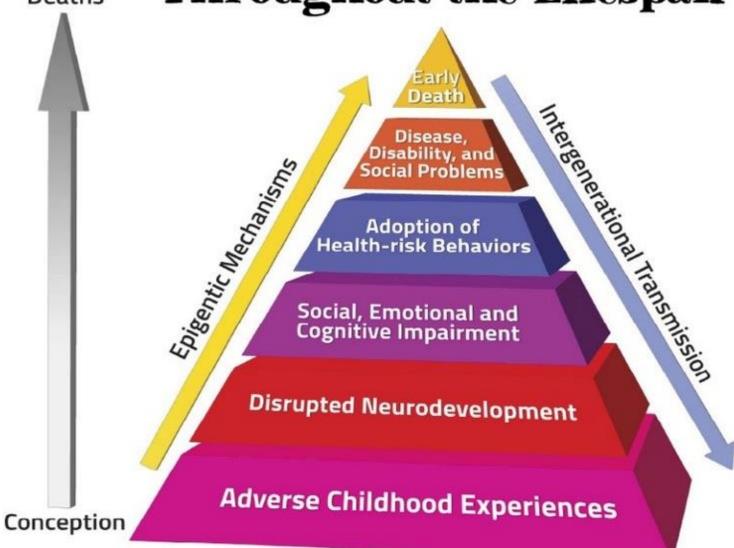
Disorder
Antisocial
Behaviour
Youth
Suicide
Mental
Health
Issues

Conduct

Problems being a parent



Mechanisms by which Adverse Childhood Experiences Influence Health and Well-being Throughout the Lifespan



All of this lack of a positive "First 1000 days" is a major part of the jigsaw that explains why:-

- We are now dealing with the impact of intergenerational poverty
- Our prison population is high, aggression is such a problem
- Increasingly we see children and adults with a range of preventable medical, behavioural and mental health issues
- We are seeing increasing numbers of patients with chronic metabolic related diseases

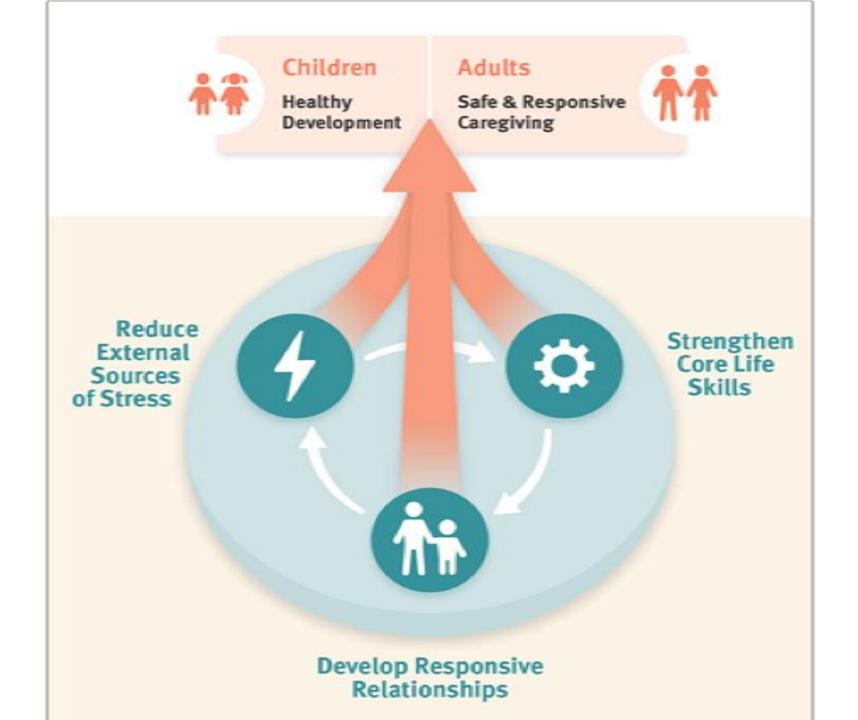
- Inequity continues to increasing
- The Health System will be overwhelmed if we don't break the cycles now

Ongoing focus

- Reduce toxic stress
- Build responsive relationships
- Improve life skills

Supporting parenting and parents

Our roles



Social Justice

Parents have the right to know
the most powerful determinant
of their children's future health, safety and productivity

Health Problems

Infancy

- Respiratory eg bronchiolitis
- Infections
- SUDI = Cot death

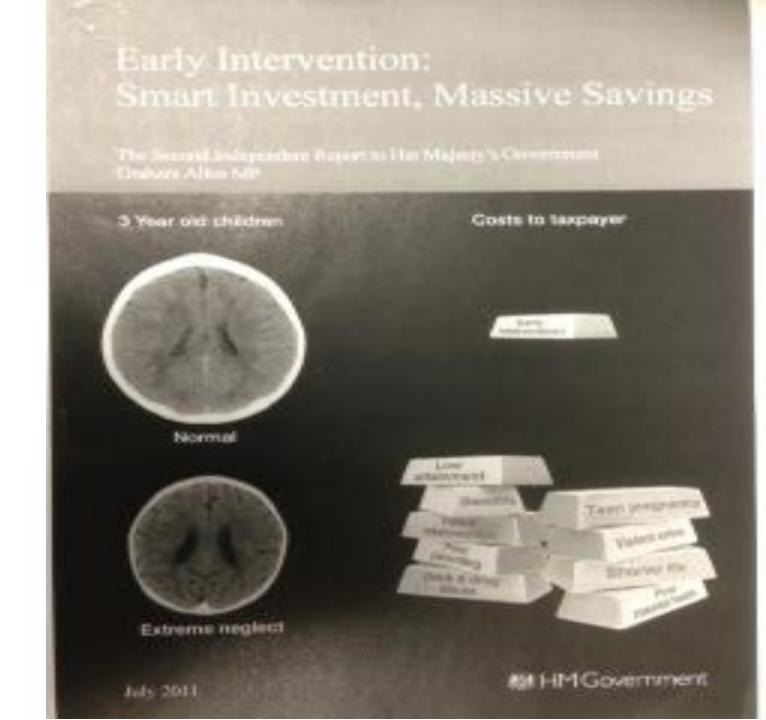
Children

- DISABILITY
- OBESITY
- BEHAVIOUR Post Traumatic Stress Disorder

Youth and Adults

- CHRONIC DISEASES Diabetes, Hypertension,
 Cardiovascular compromise, CVA
- YOUTH SUICIDE
- MENTAL HEALTH ISSUES / ADDICTIONS

- SPEND \$1
- SAVE \$17



A theoretical framework related to "mismatch"

