



Supported by Islamic Women's Council of New Zealand and
the NZ Muslim Association

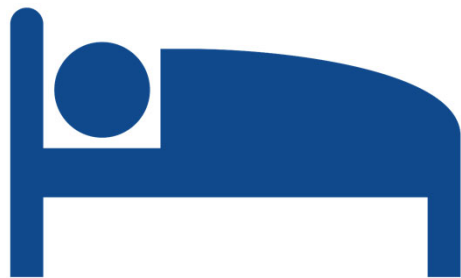
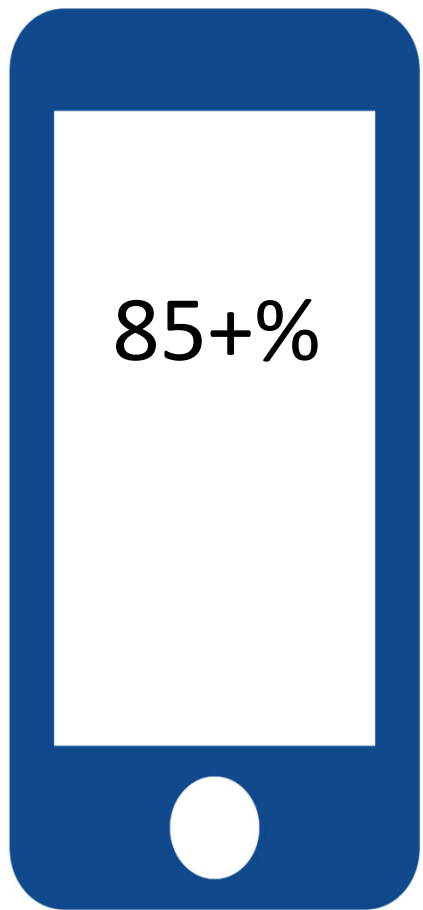
Apps and self-monitoring: the research and the future

Rebecca Grainger BMedSc, MBChB, PhD, FACHI, FRACP

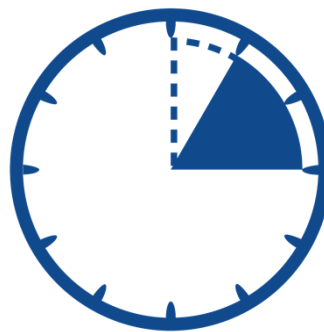
University of Otago, Wellington

Wellington Regional Rheumatology Unit, Hutt Valley DHB

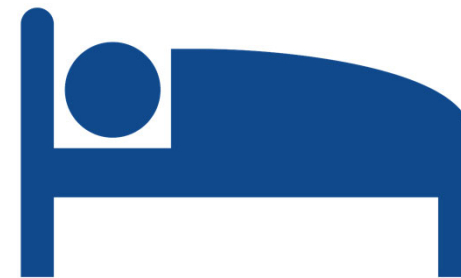




35%



35x

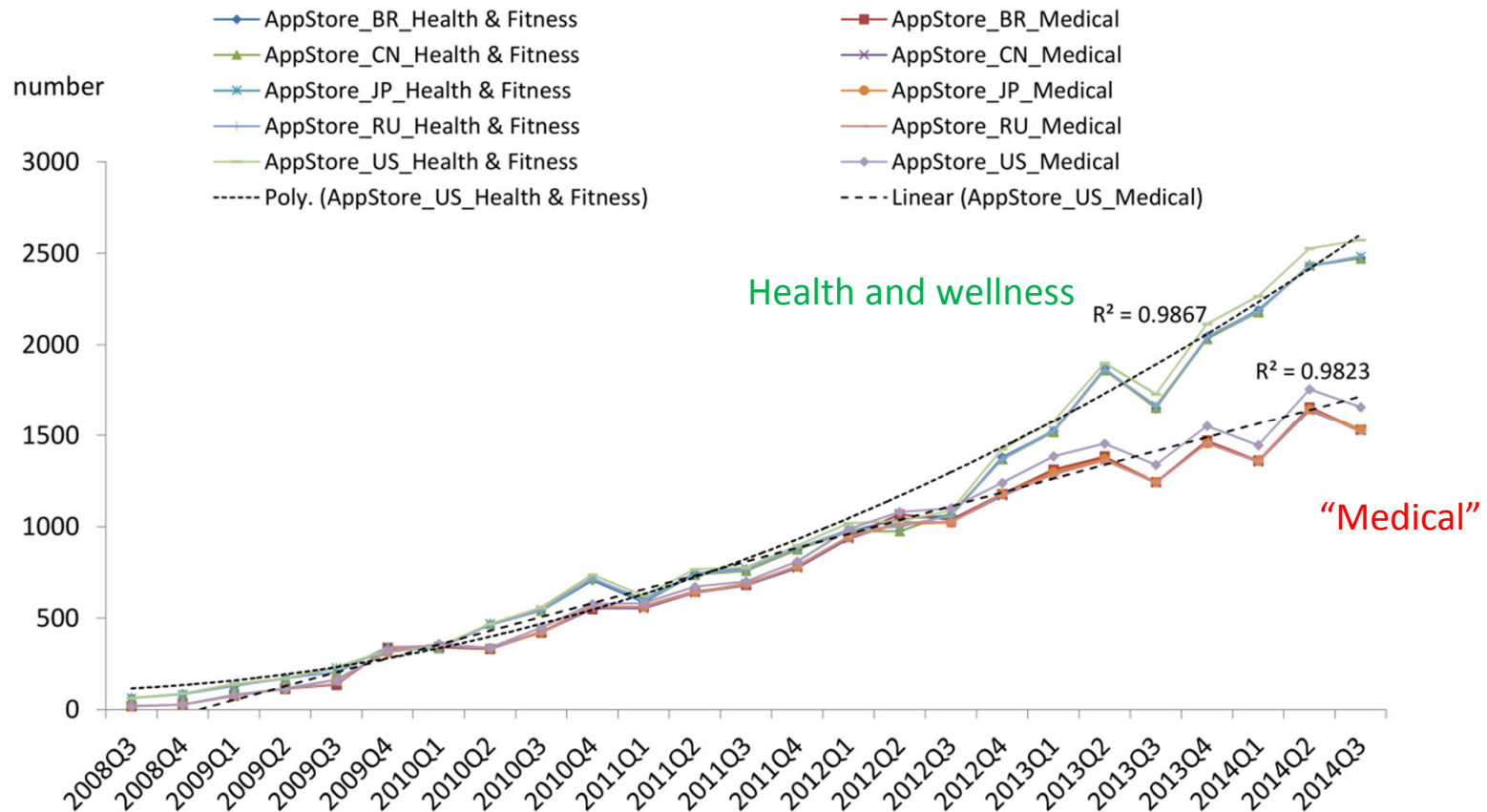


46%



10 daily
36 monthly
100 on a phone

Health apps are a growth category





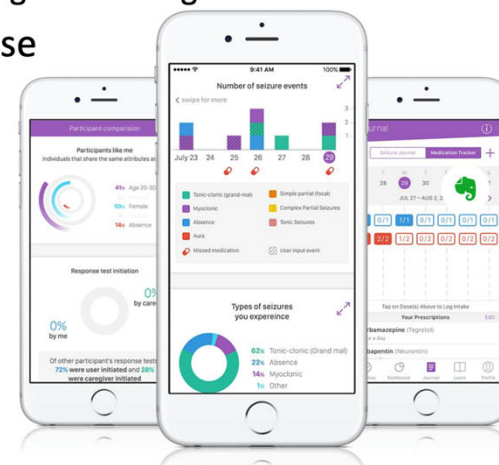
Track Your Seizures and Medications While
Advancing Epilepsy Research

Johns Hopkins EpiWatch: App and Research Study



EpiWatch: Two goals

- Collect seizure biosensor & labelling data for non-EEG seizure detection
 - Post-seizure query: aura/seizure type/triggers; caregiver alerting & interventions
- Help persons with epilepsy manage their disease
 - Seizure & pill taking journals
 - Brief daily queries
 - Co-morbidity screening:
 - anxiety/depression & drug side effects
 - Relationships to QOLIE
 - Individualized referral links & telemedicine



<https://www.hopkinsmedicine.org/epiwatch/index.html#app>

29 June 2007

App research?

App literature



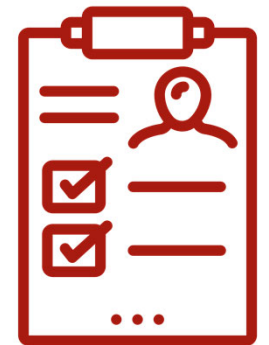
Apps

Implementation



People

Outcomes



Apps



- Development
- Types of apps in a disease area
- App review

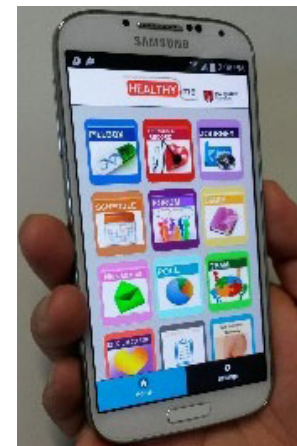
Gout app development







Identified

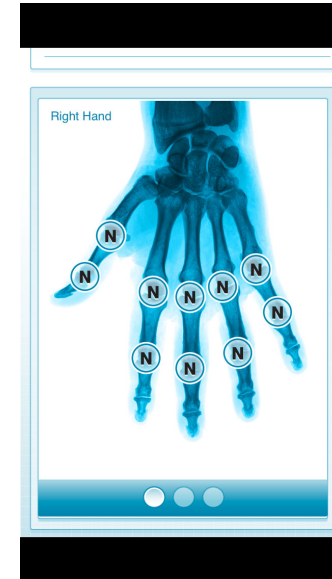
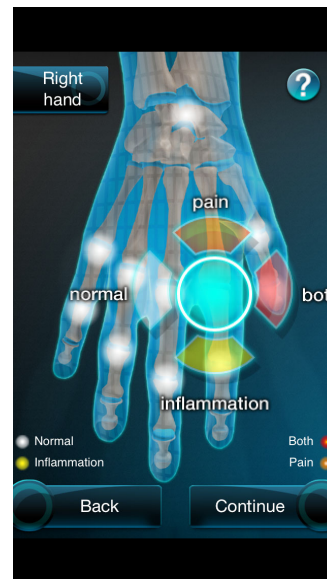
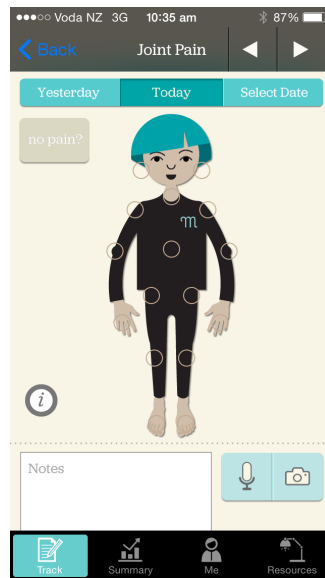
- helpful features
- Scope and role
- Barriers to uptake

Beta-web based app “Healthy.me”



Rheumatoid arthritis App review

- “Systematic” search for apps for people to monitor own RA
- Search = 987 apps → 19 met inclusion criteria (8  8  8  3 )
- Only 1 app = used validated measure + tracked



People and Apps

- Who uses apps
- How people use apps
- Attitudes to apps
- App knowledge

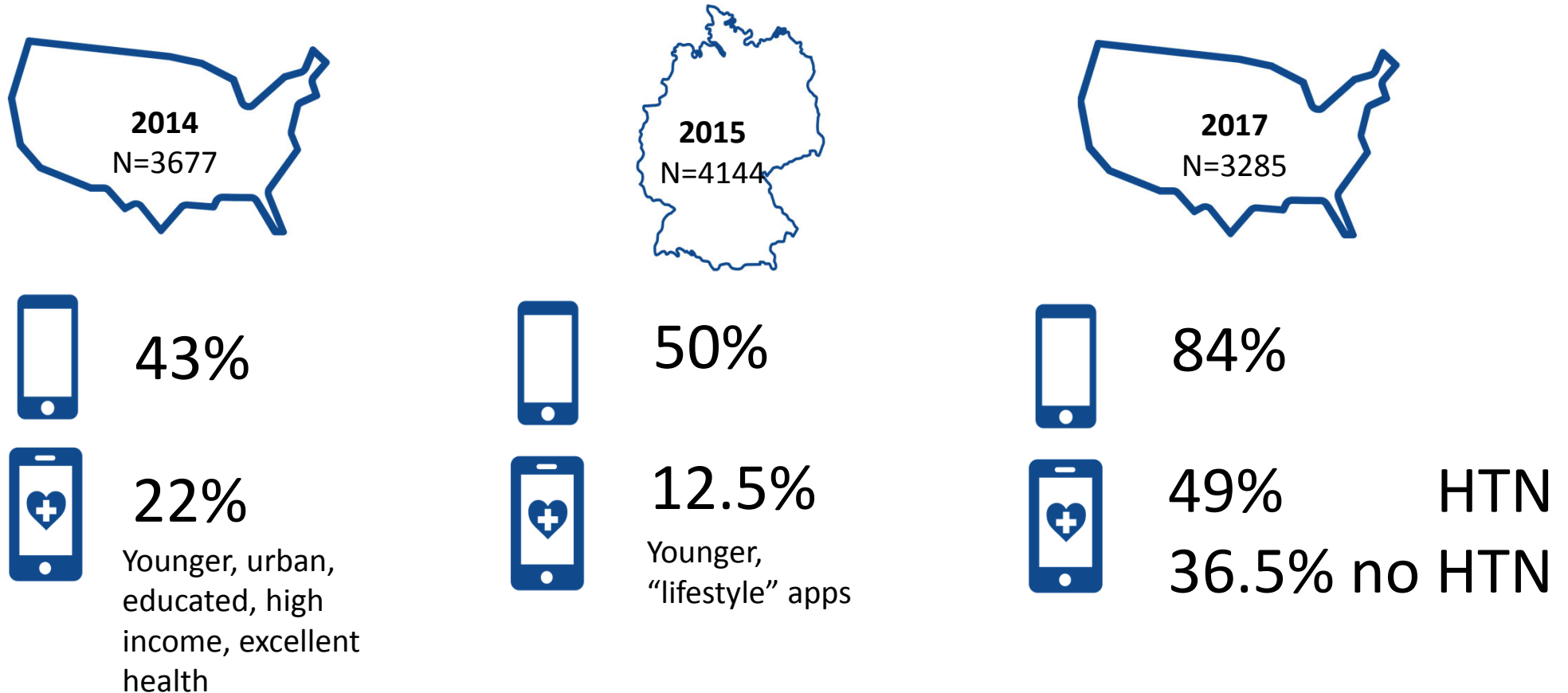


Implementation

- User experience
- Use over time
- Pitfalls and wins

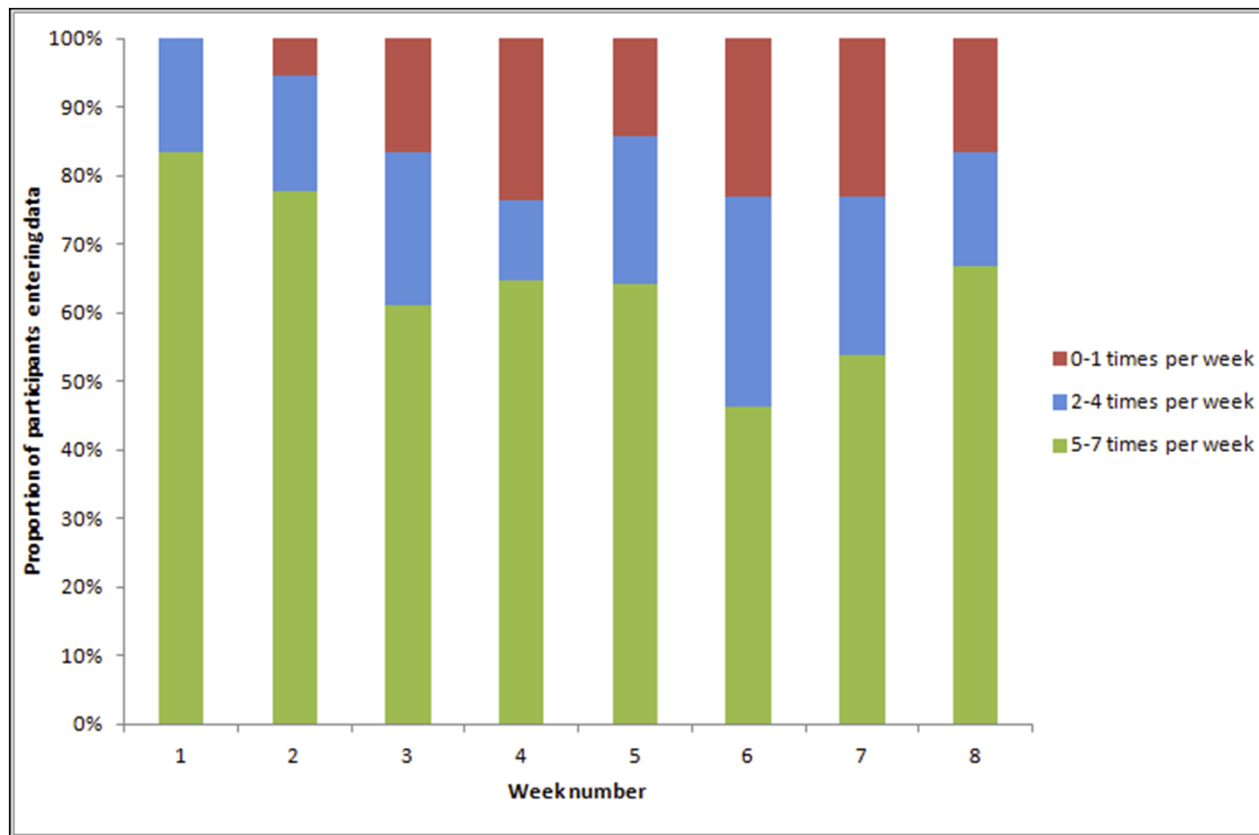


People and Apps





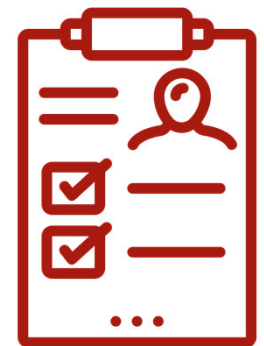
Cloudy with a Chance of Pain is the world's first smartphone-based study to investigate the association between weather and chronic pain.



1 in 7 track data daily data for 6/12

App outcomes

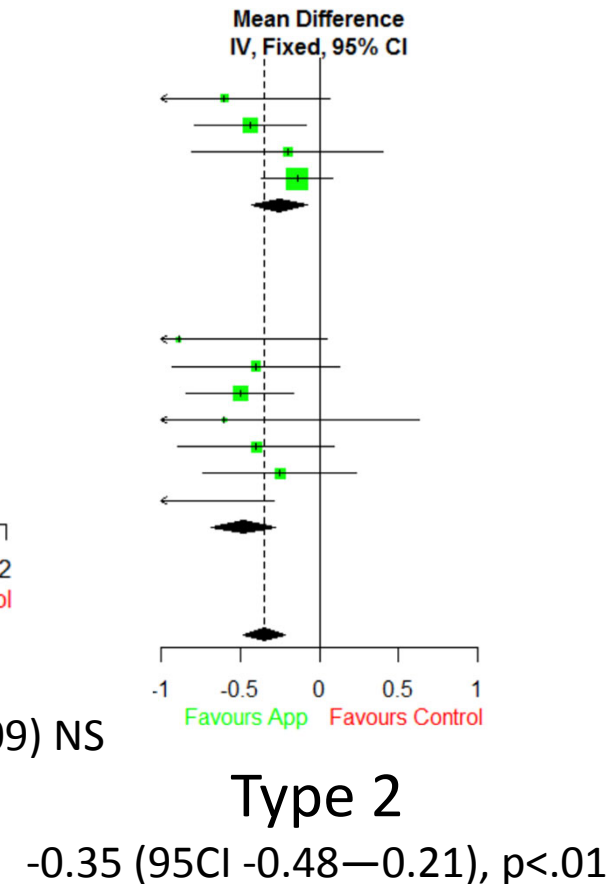
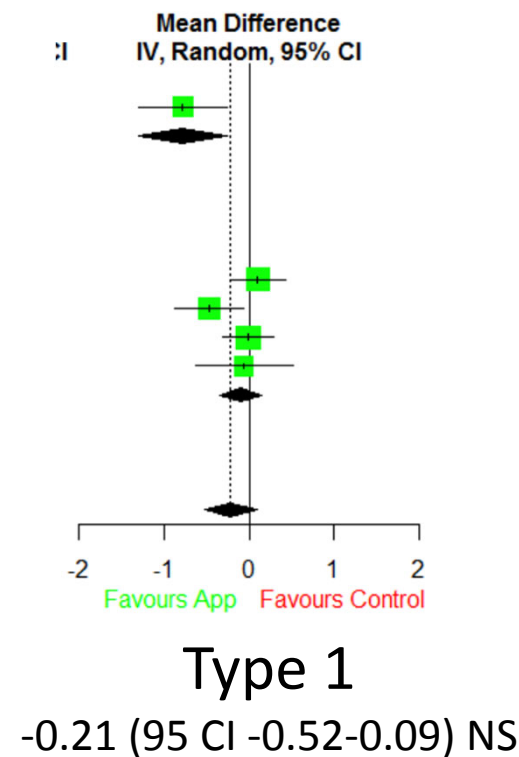
- Observational app implementation, single location
- Some RCTs
- Some metasynthesis



Diabetes Apps and HbA1c - metanalysis

| | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| P | adults with DM |
| I | DM app - behavioural change |
| C | usual care |
| O | HbA1C |

Risk of bias – lack of blinding
Clinical significance?



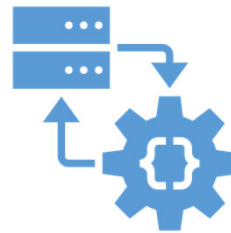
The future of self management apps



Move from single solution (an app on a phone) to a health ecosystem (and wearables)



Emphasis on user perspectives and preferences – avoid over engineering



New models of health service development that learn from software development approaches



More flexible approaches to evaluation of software in clinical settings



Emphasis on effective business models as much as effective apps

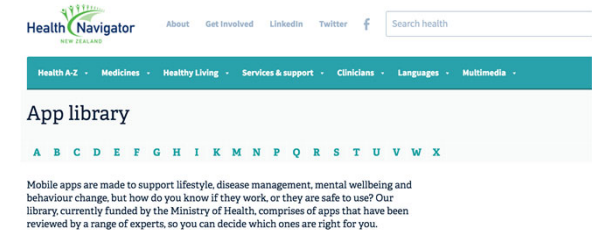
Six questions to ask about health apps



1. Who developed the app and why?
2. Does the app contain factual information based on reliable resources?
3. Is the app up-to-date?
4. What are the reviews like?
5. What does it cost?
6. Does the app require data access to function?

How to find apps

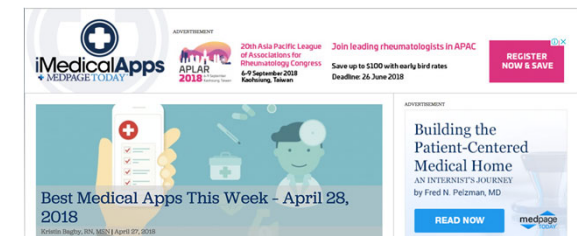
www.healthnavigator.org.nz/app-library/



www.healthdirect.gov.au/health-and-wellbeing-apps

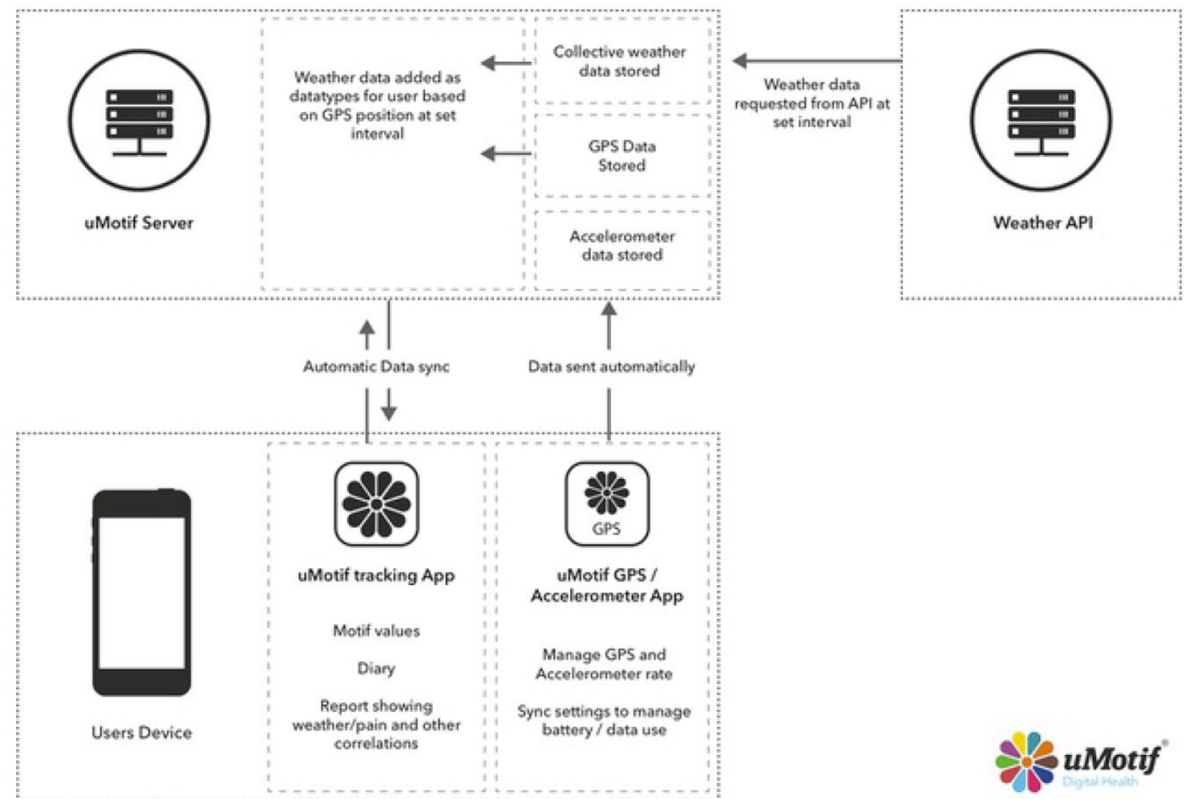


www.imedicalapps.com/





Cloudy with a Chance of Pain is the world's first smartphone-based study to investigate the association between weather and chronic pain.



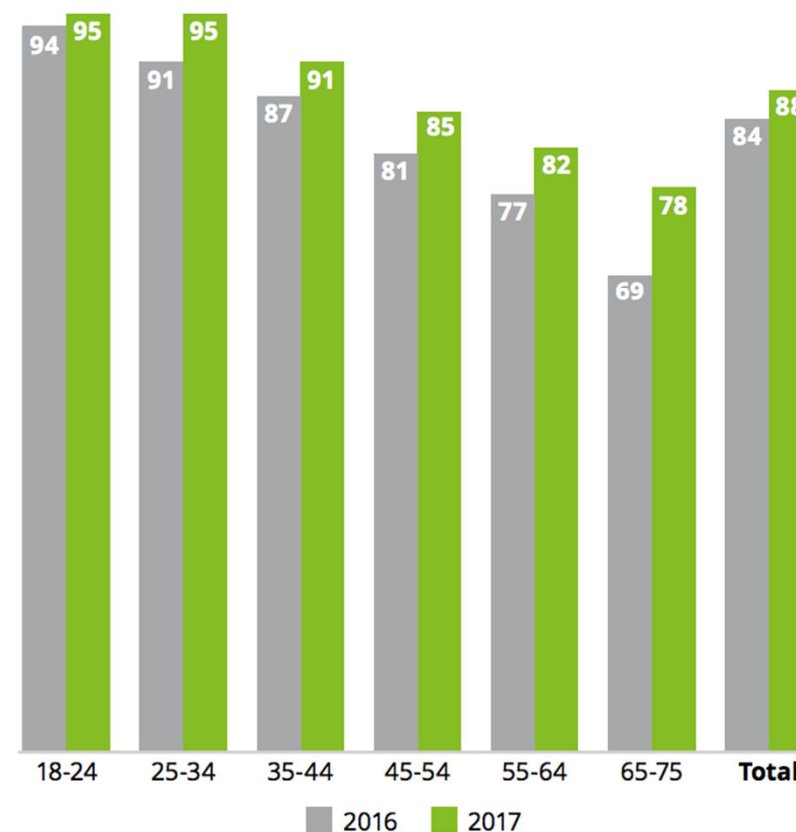


10 daily
36 monthly
100 on a phone

Silver surfers power smartphone swell

Graph 1: Smartphone ownership by age

Which, if any, of the following devices do you own or have ready access to?
Smartphone responses below.



Deloitte. Mobile Consumer survey 2017 <http://landing.deloitte.com.au/tmt-mobile-consumer-survey-2017-INB-LP-TY.html>

www.askannie.com